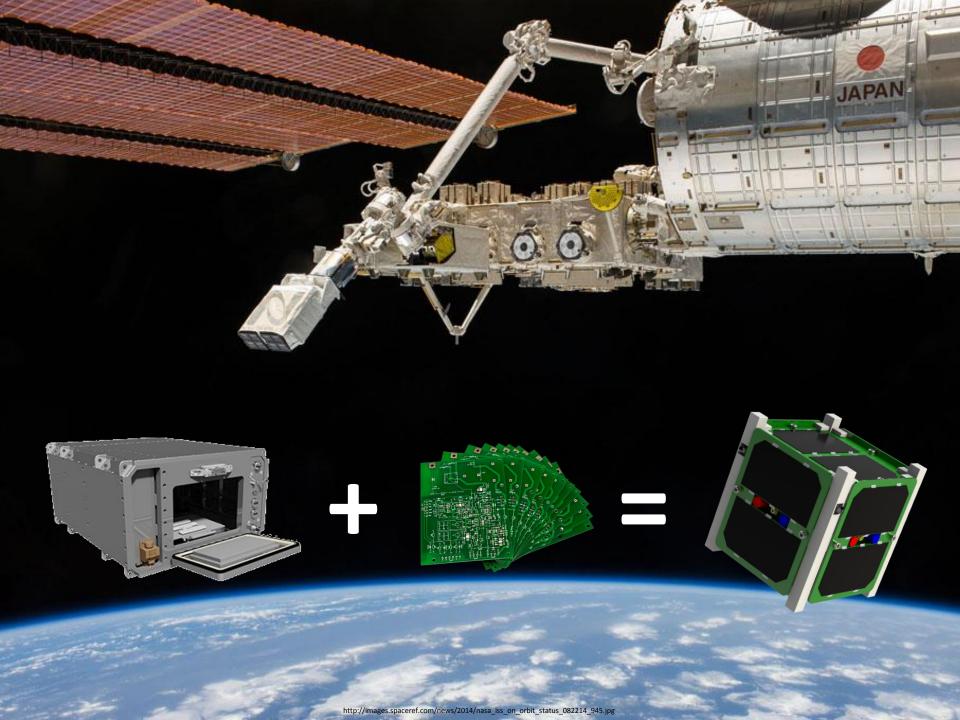


NORTHWEST NAZARENE UNIVERSITY

MakerSat: A CubeSat Designed for In-Space Assembly

Braden Grim Mitch Kamstra Aaron Ewing Connor Nogales

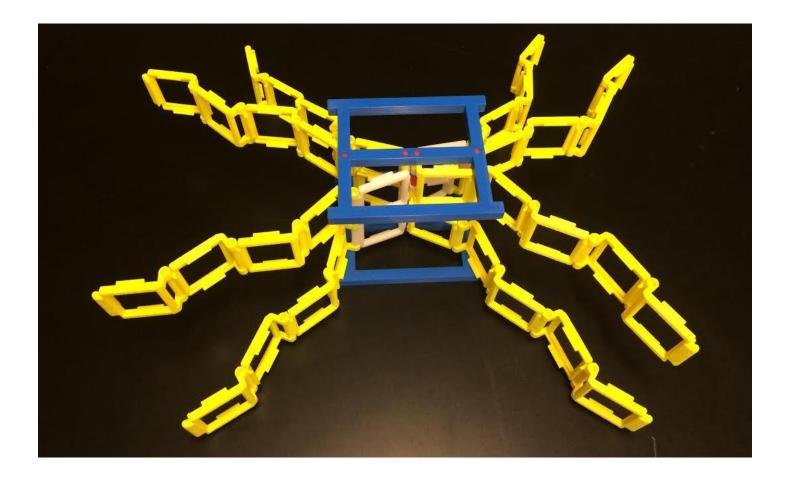
Dr. Joshua Griffin Dr. Stephen Parke





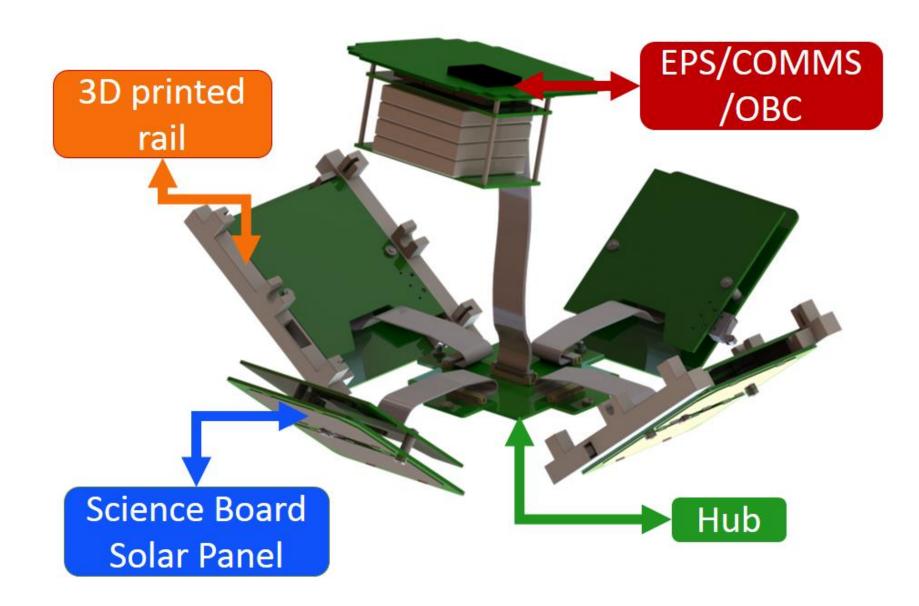
MakerSat will demonstrate inspace additive manufacturing and assembly of small spacecraft.

Manufacturing in space has many advantages.



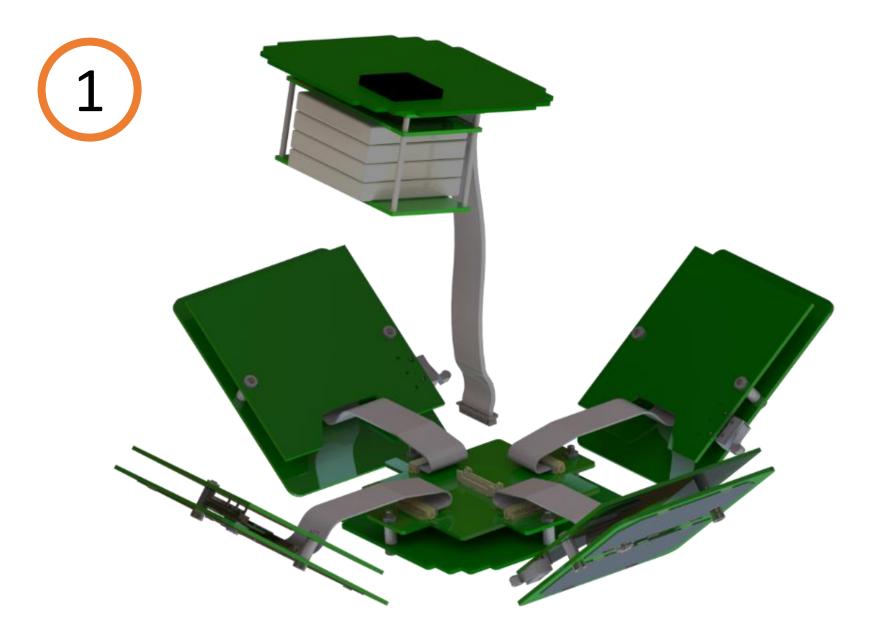
MakerSat addresses on-orbit assembly issues.

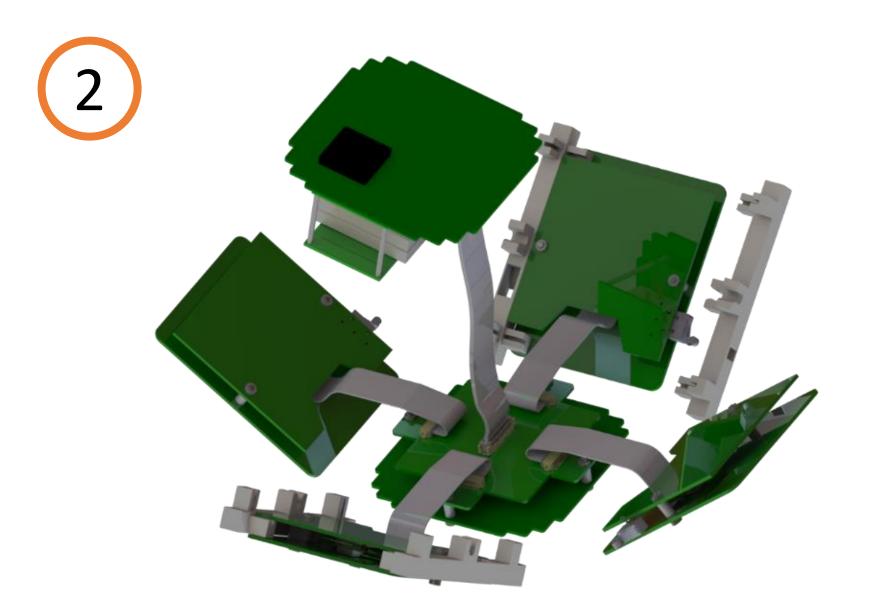
Issue	Solution
Crew safety	No small free floating tools/fasteners
Crew time	Assembly of ~5min
Polymer degradation	ULTEM

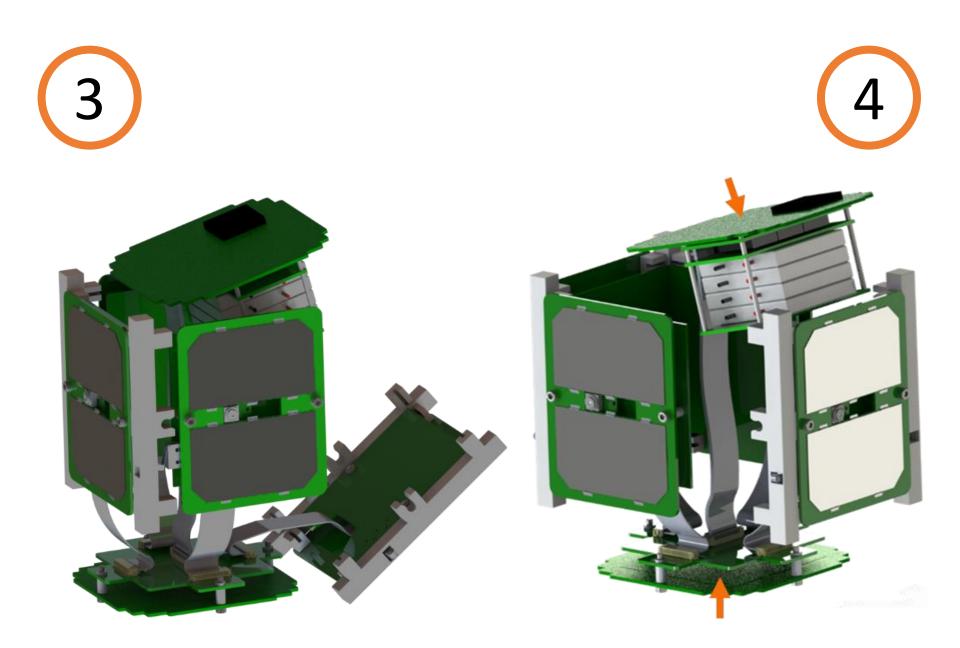


Four rails will be 3D printed on the Made In Space Additive Manufacturing Facility.





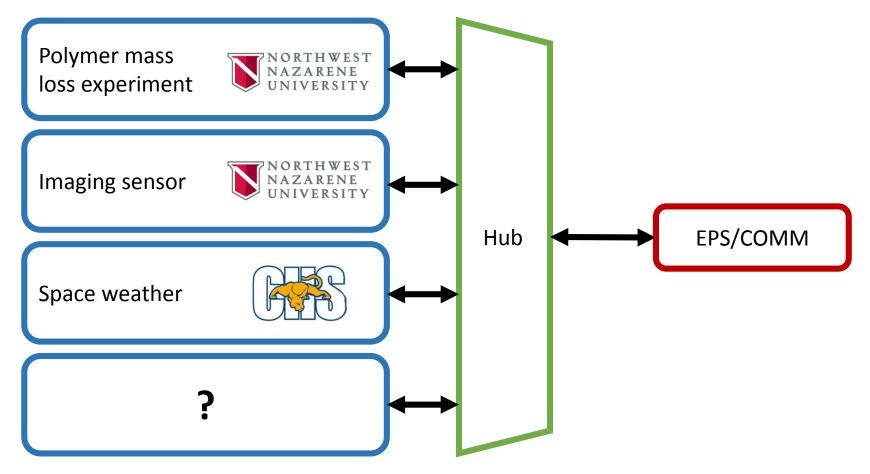








The Hub multiplexes power and radio communication to each user's payload.



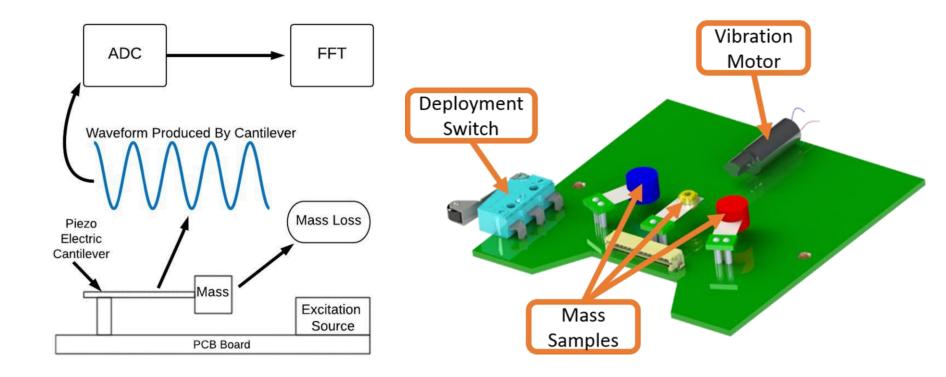
Polymer degradation is a concern.

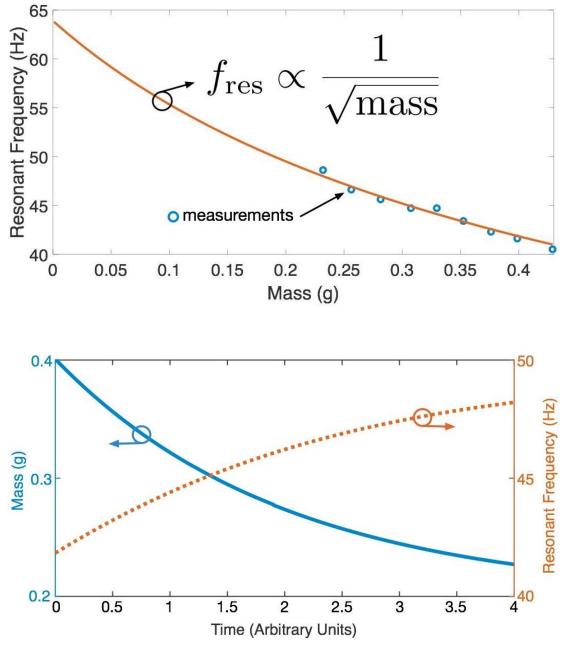


https://www.google.com/search?q=misse+experiment&espv=2&biw=1920&bih=949&source=Inms&tbm=isch&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjTp8_2h6bOAhVX4WMKHWocCxUQ_AUIBygC#imgrc=BZK4ABxZyAVozM%3A

The MISSE 2 PEACE Polymers experiment post flight.

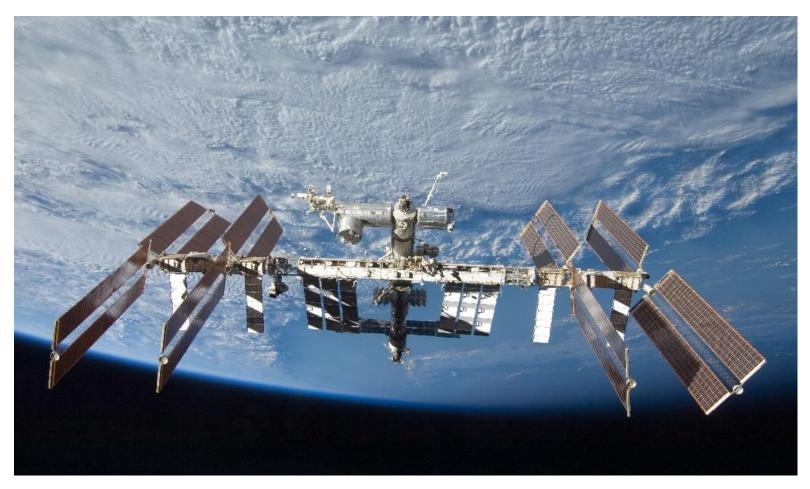
The resonant frequency is used to determine the polymer mass loss.





As mass is lost the resonant frequency will increase.

MakerSat is about to become a reality.



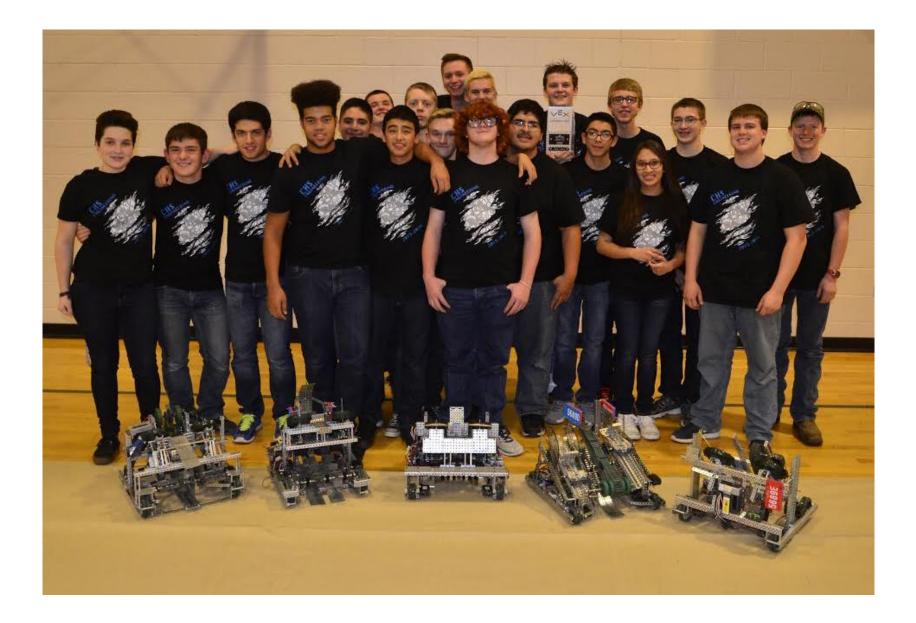
ELaNa XX: 2017

Future ISS mission

8/6/2016

Conclusion

- Advantages of in-space manufacturing
- How to assemble a CubeSat on the ISS
- Open questions about polymers in space



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PLEXUS The Product Realization Company





For more information visit https://engineering.nnu.edu/research/makersat