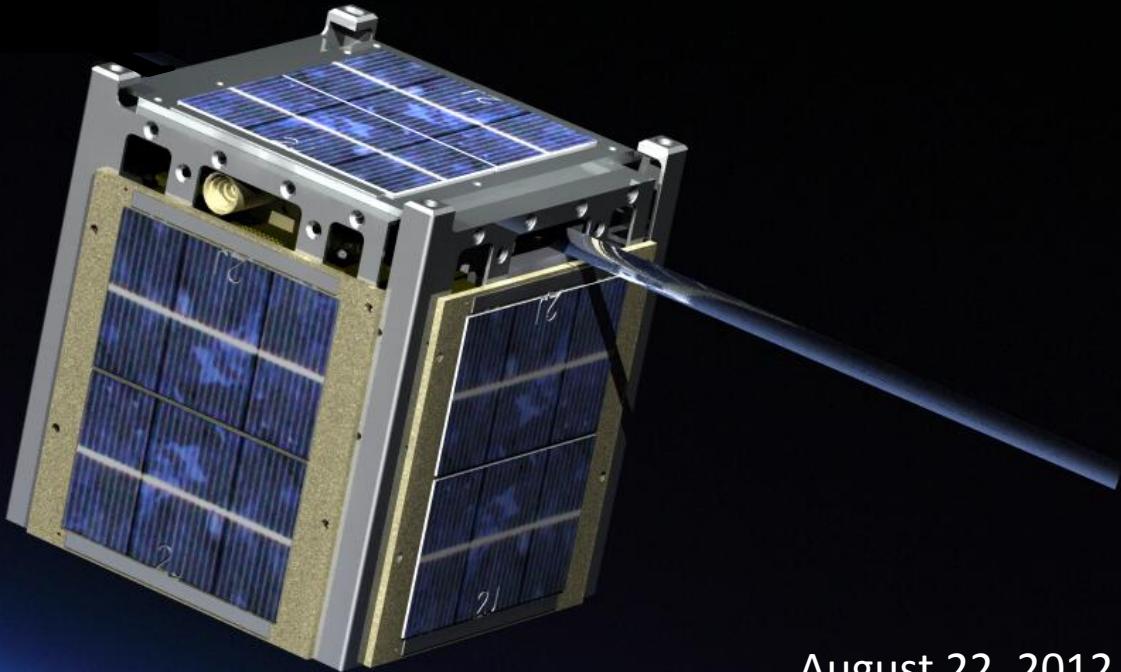


# The On-Orbit Performance of the HRBE (E1-P) CubeSat Nearing Nine Months in LEO

Matthew Handley

Space Science and  
Engineering Laboratory  
Montana State University

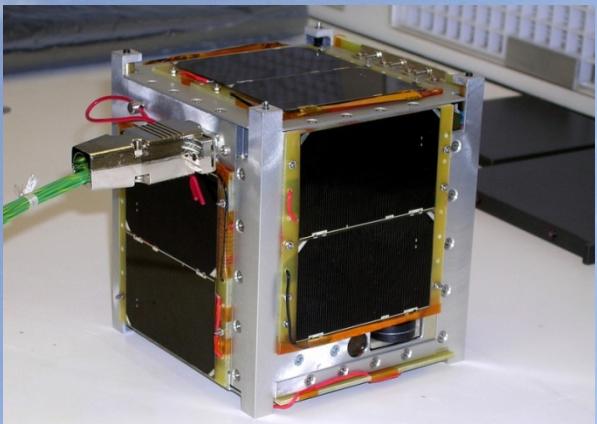


August 22, 2012



# Prior Attempts

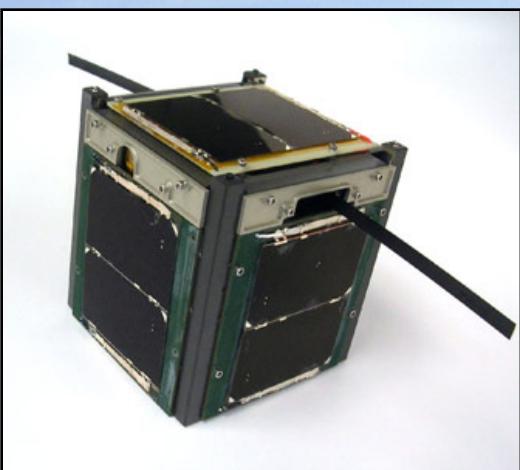
## MEROPE



Failed launch on a Russian rocket, 2006

“crater-synchronous” or  
**extremely** low earth orbit.

## Explorer 1 [Prime]-Flight Unit 1



Failed launch on Orbital Taurus XL, March 4, 2011

Deployed at 500km Not enough  $\Delta V$  to achieve orbit.

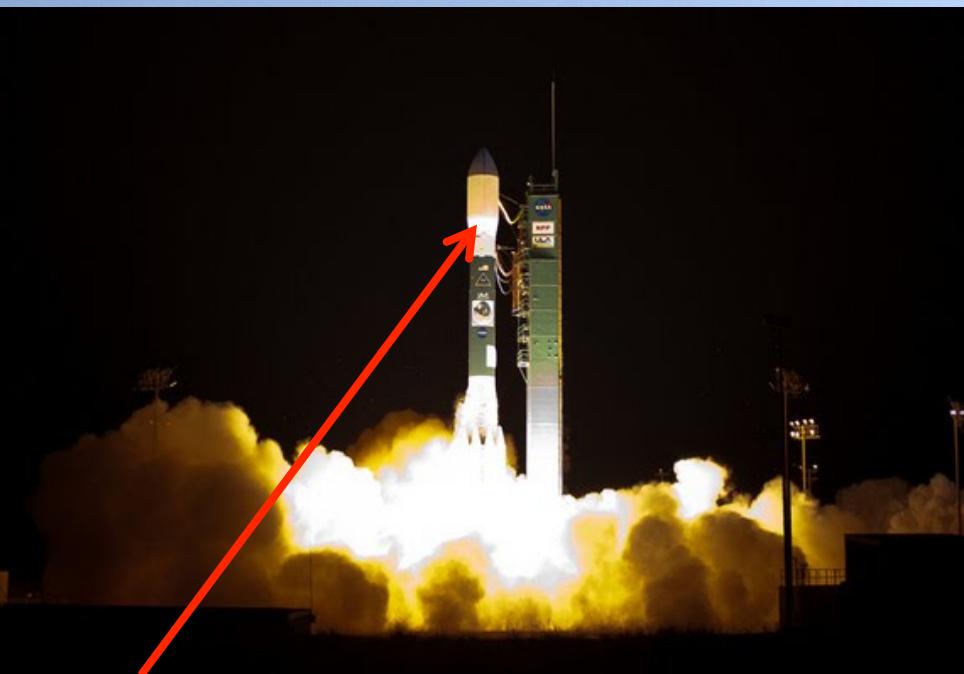
Likely to have burned up in re-entry.

# Explorer 1 [Prime]-FU2



# HRBE!

Hiscock  
Radiation Belt  
Explorer

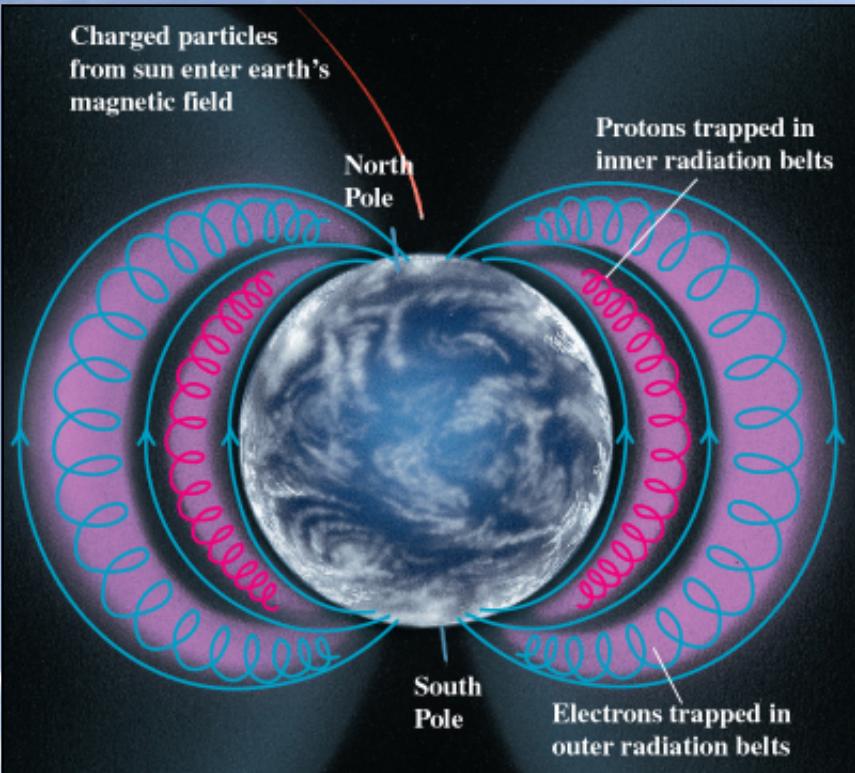


PPOD location

August 22, 2012

CubeSat Summer Workshop

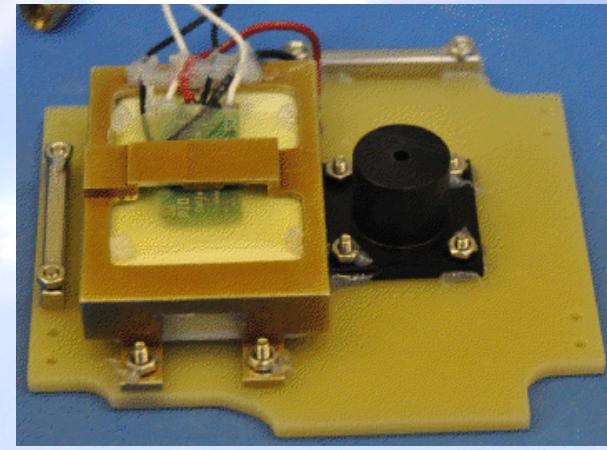
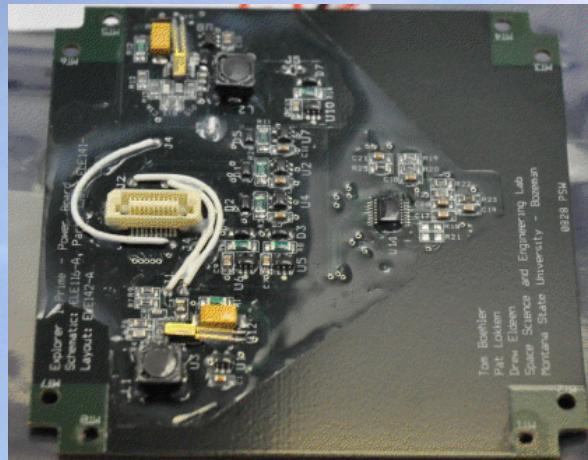
# Mission



- Radiation belts consist of clouds of charged particles trapped in Earth's magnetic field.
- Belts come closer to Earth's surface at the "horns", located at northern and southern latitudes.

- The HRBE CubeSat mission demonstrates the utility of low-cost CubeSats to provide critical space weather observations for forecasting and specification
- Employs a simple Geiger Müller tube to monitor the flux of trapped electrons in the horns of the inner and outer Van Allen radiation belts
- Contributes to the development of the aerospace workforce by involving university students in spacecraft design, development, and operations

# Subsystems

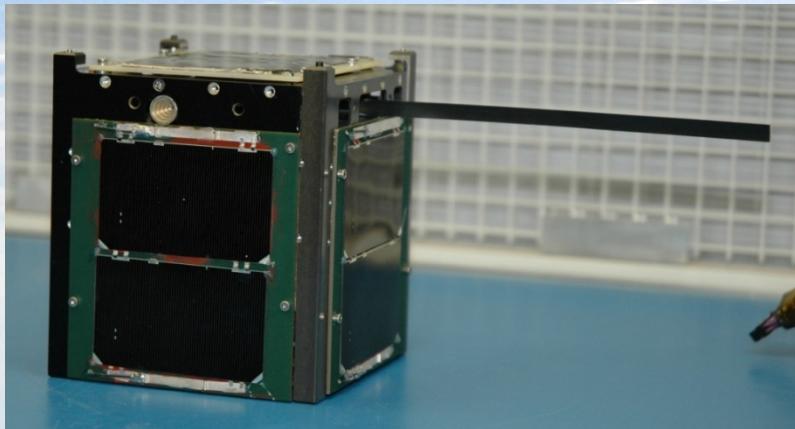


## Command and Data Handling

- Freescale MCU (HCSX12)
- Onboard Flash data storage

## Power

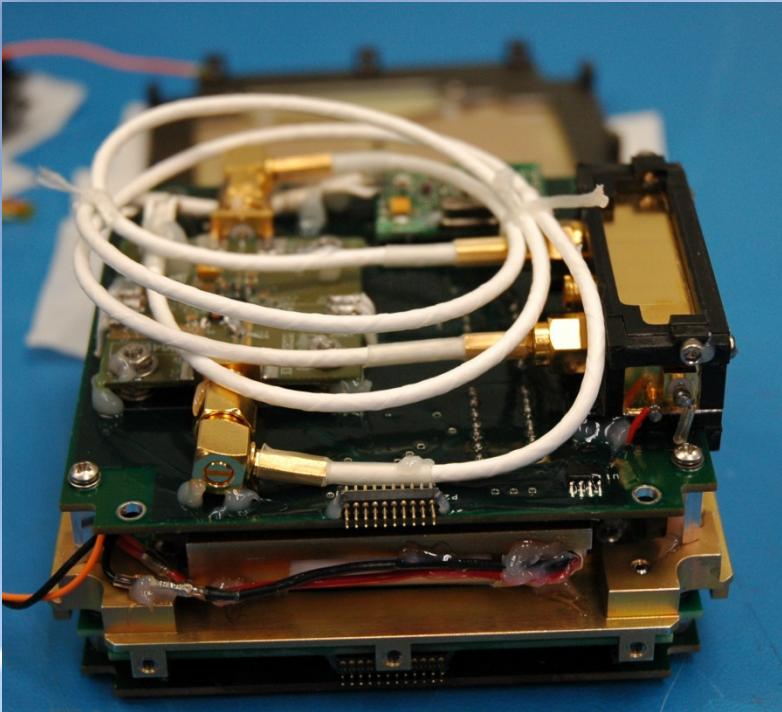
- 3.3 and 5 V regulators
- 2 Rose Li-Ion Batteries
- 6 solar arrays



## Structure

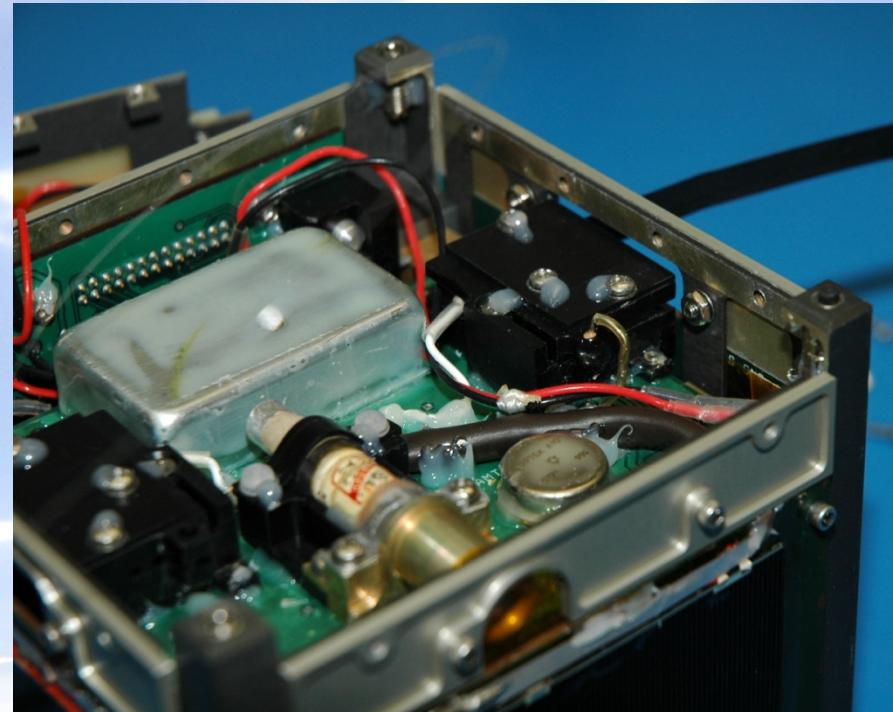
- Designed in-house
- Manufactured in Kalispell MT at Sonju
- Interfaces mechanically with all subsystems and solar arrays

# Subsystems



## Communications

- Utilizes 2 CC1000 transceivers
- RF5110G Amplifier
- Monopole antenna
- Tx: 437.505 MHz
- Rx: 437.305 MHz

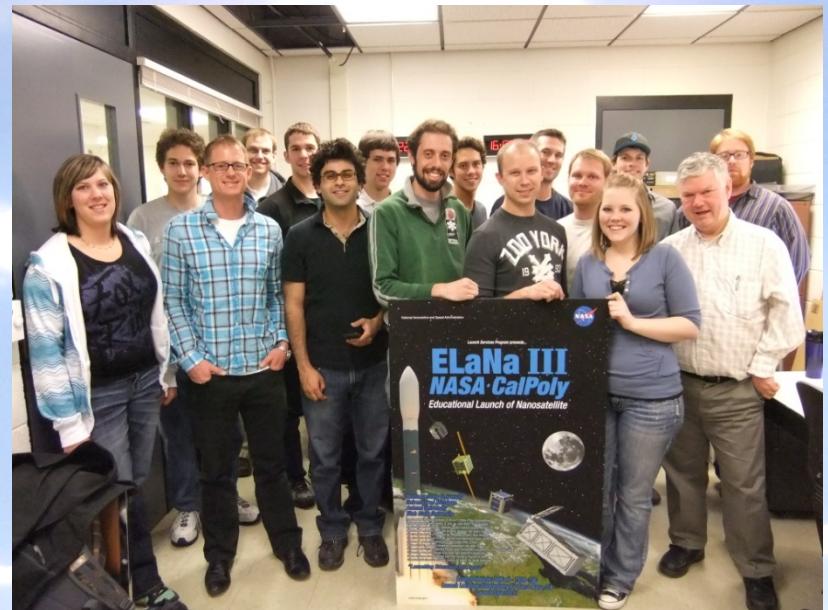


## Science Payload

- Geiger tube donated by James Van Allen
- EMCO HVPS
- AmpTek amplifier
- Collimated tube to limit indirect particles from being counted

# Post Launch Engineering

- Could not Establish Uplink:
  - HRBE Receiver BW  $\sim$  600kHz
  - No science without uplink
- SRI 60ft Dish:
  - 1.3MW Max ERP
  - Established Uplink
- Upgraded K7MSU
  - 1.5KW UHF amplifier added
  - Uplink successful!

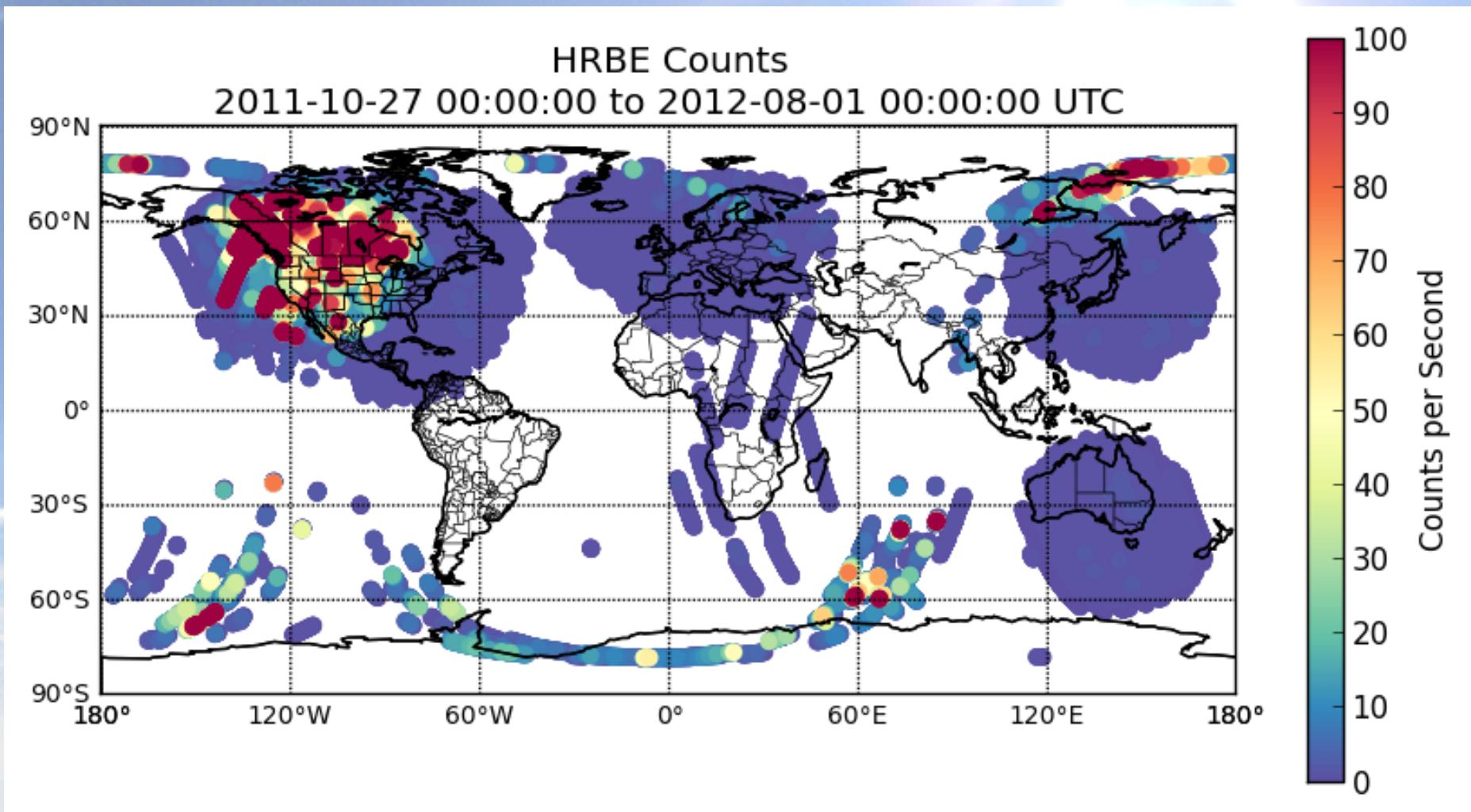


*HRBE Ops Team*



*SRI International 60ft Dish*

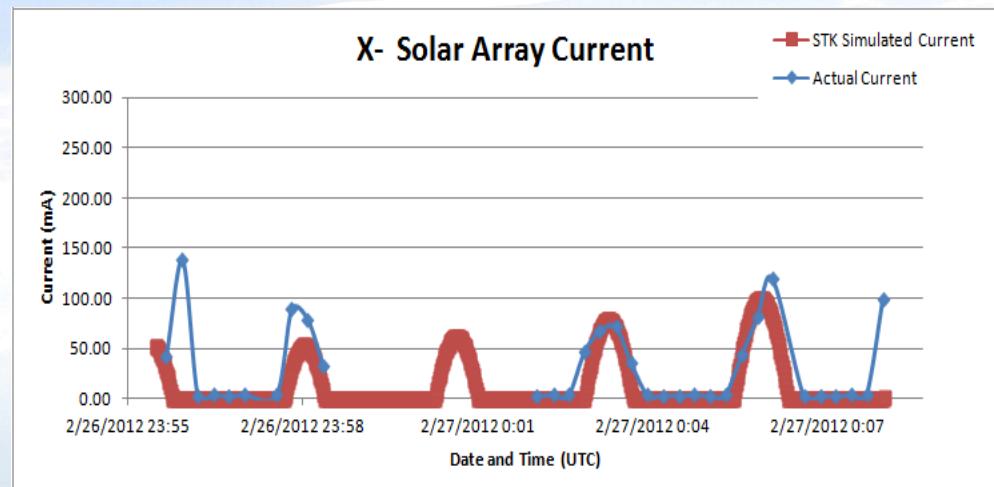
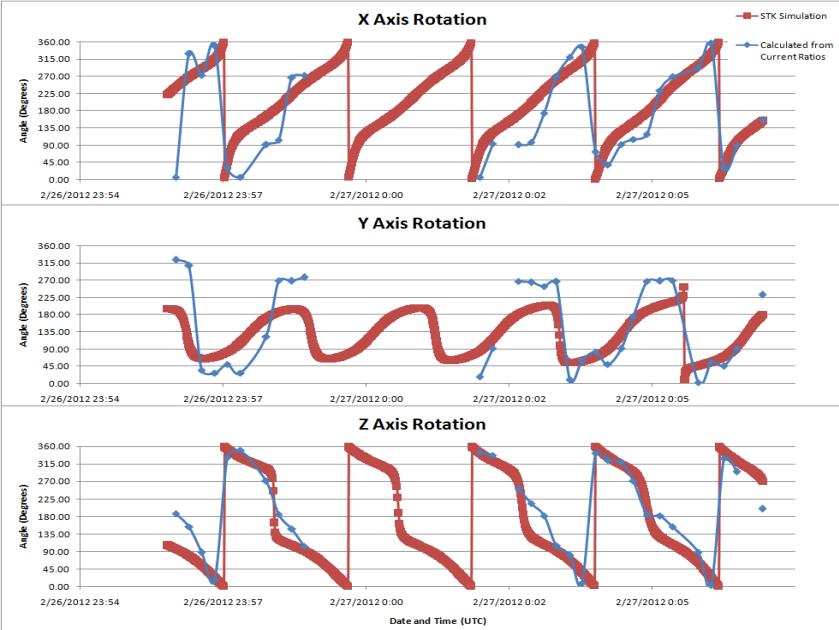
# Science Coverage



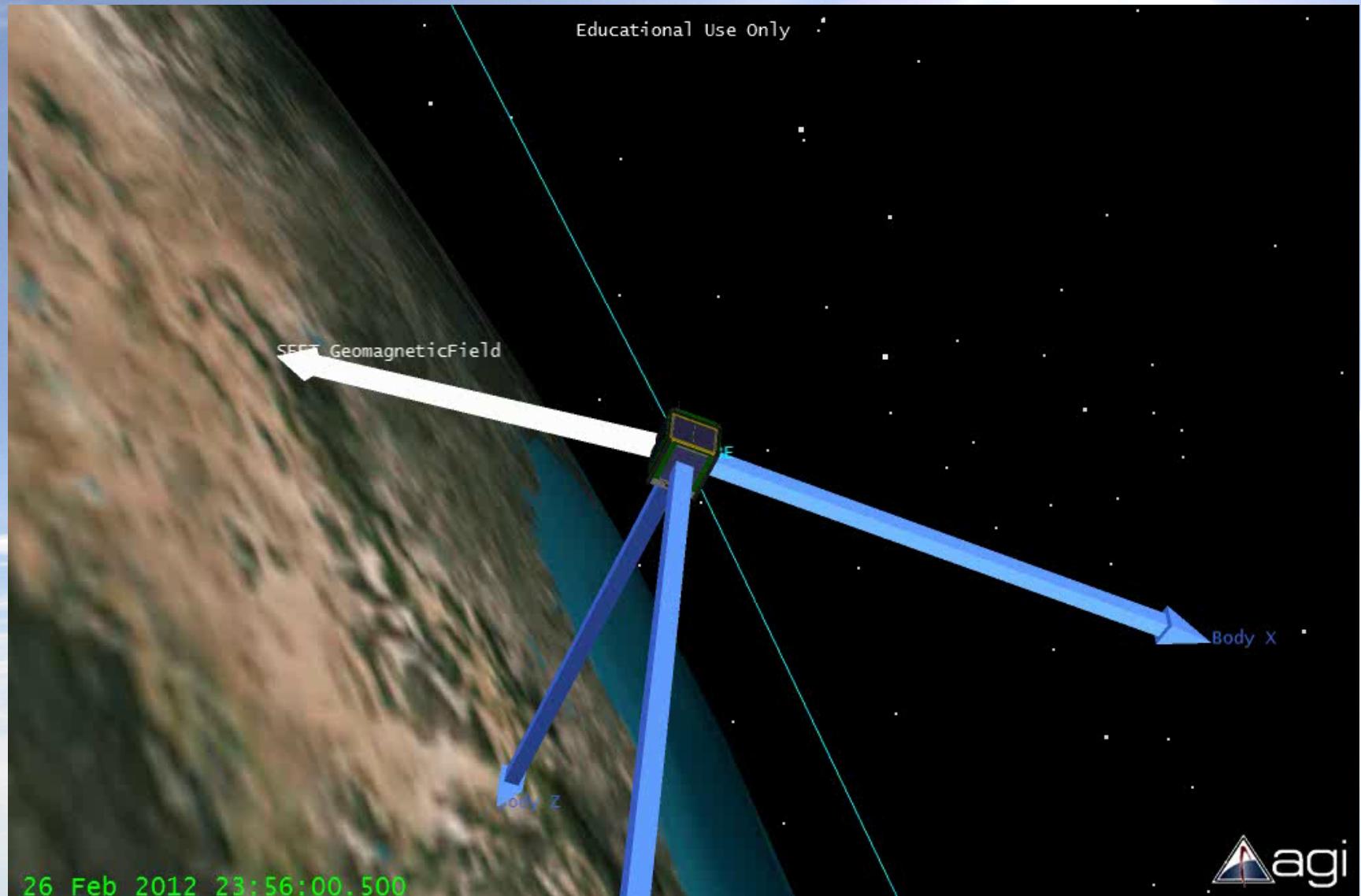
# Attitude Determination



- Ratio of electrical current from adjacent solar panels used to find direction of sun
- Satellite Tool Kit (STK) simulation adjusted until it matches data

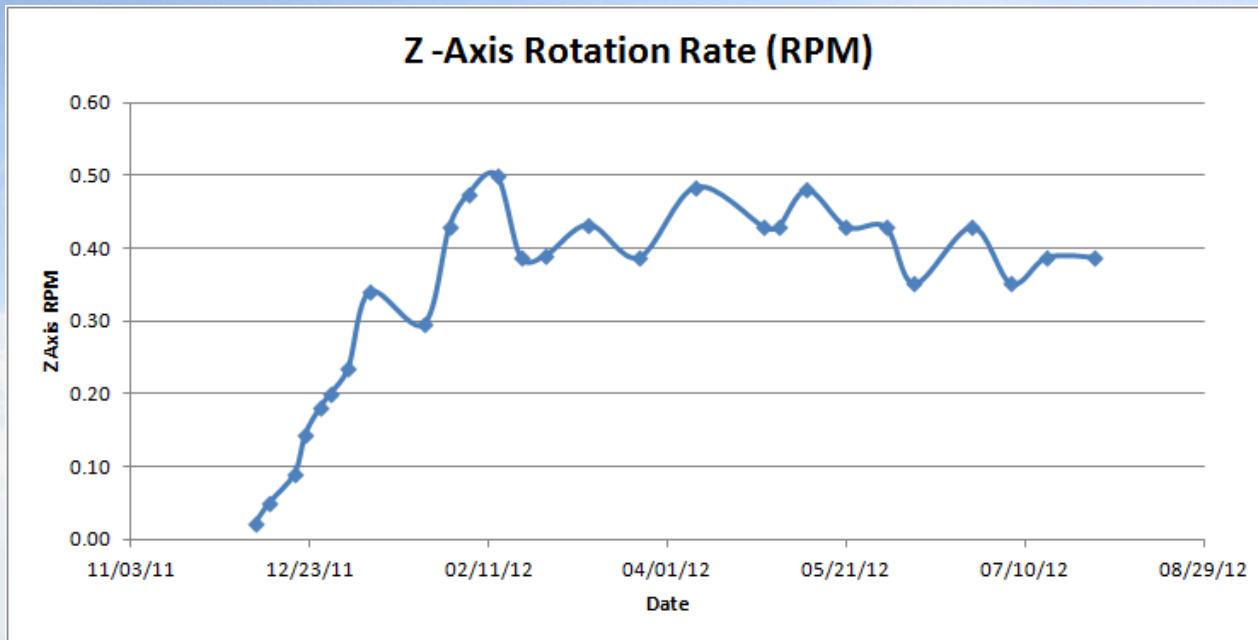


# Attitude Simulation in STK



# Attitude Determination

- Slower than expected de-tumble
- Off-axis spin
- Data aliased before Fed. 2012 due to 15 second sample rate



# Transition to Sun-Sync. Orbit

Educational Use Only



Sun Inertial Axes

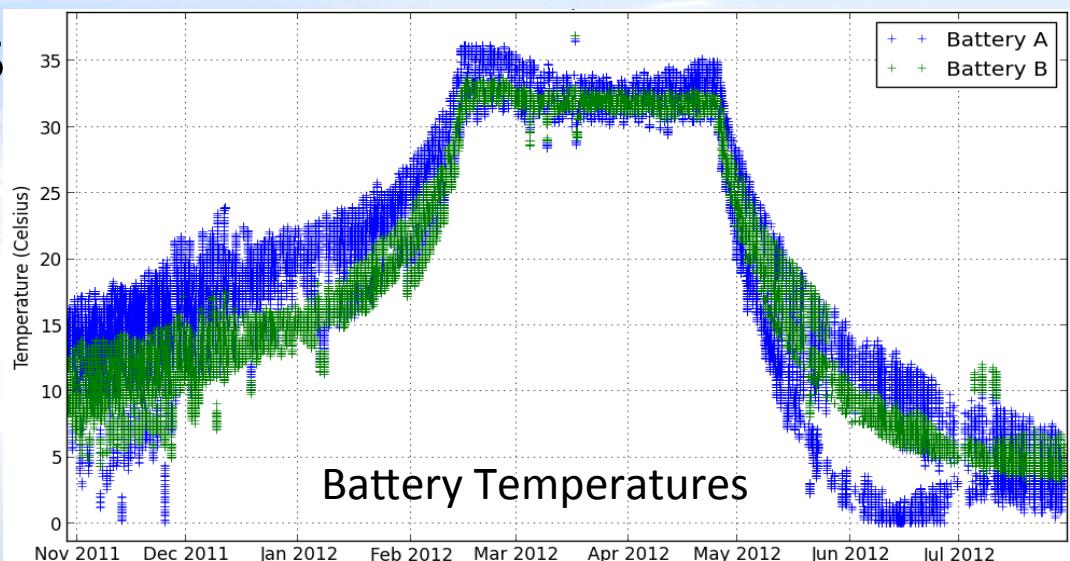
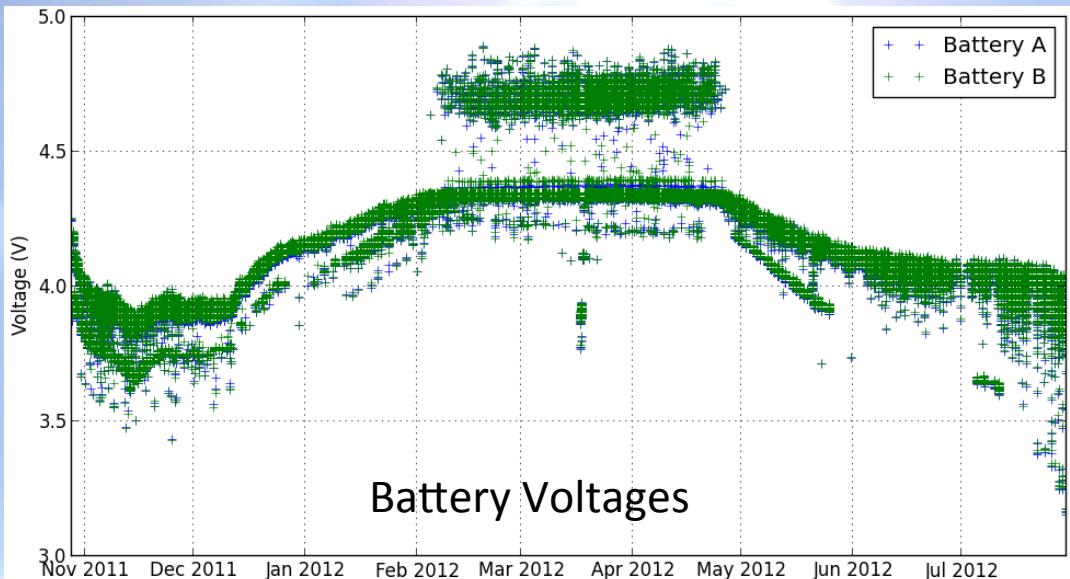
27 Oct 2011 00:00:00.000

Time Step: 28800.00 sec

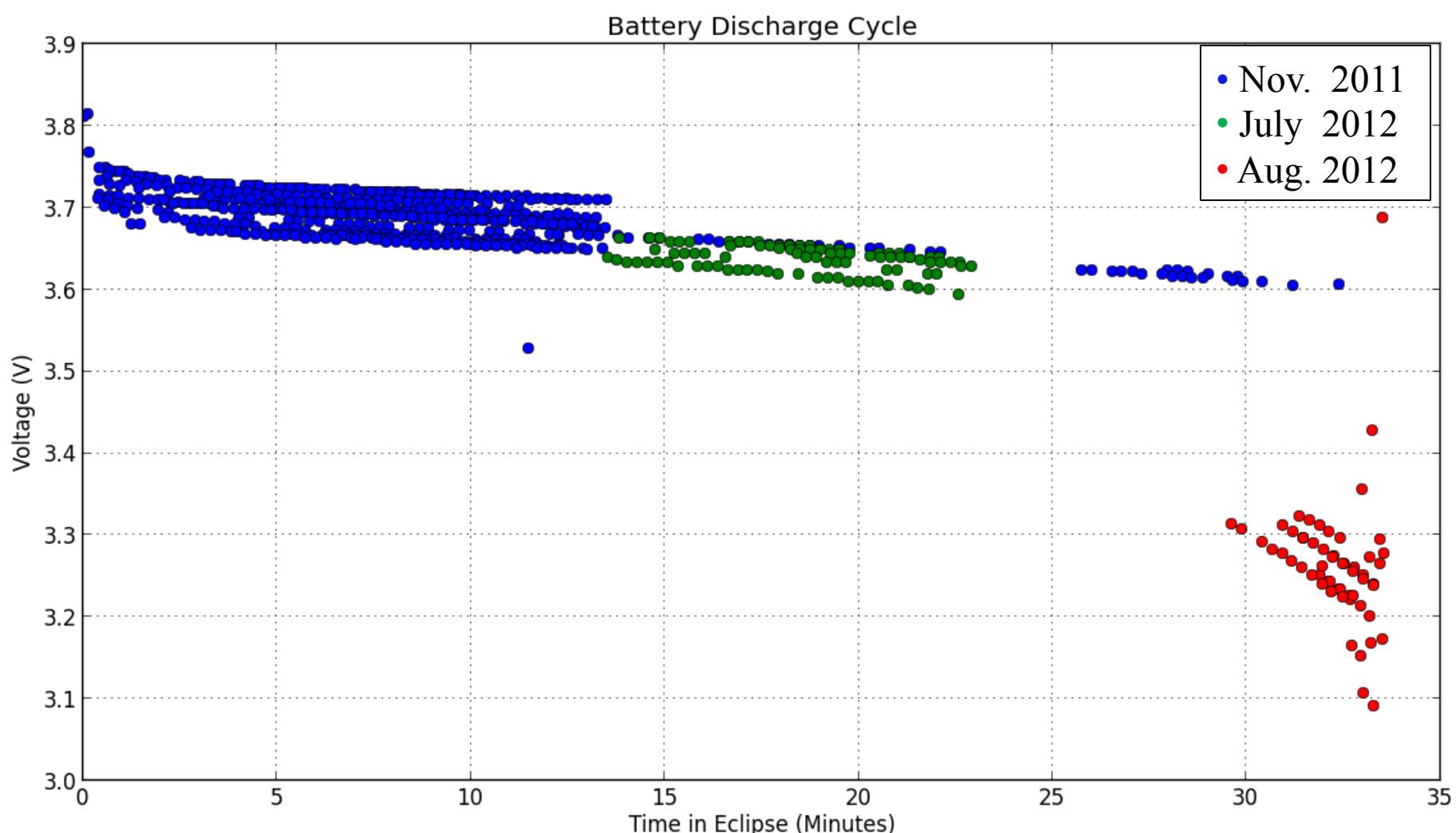


# Effects of Continuous Sun

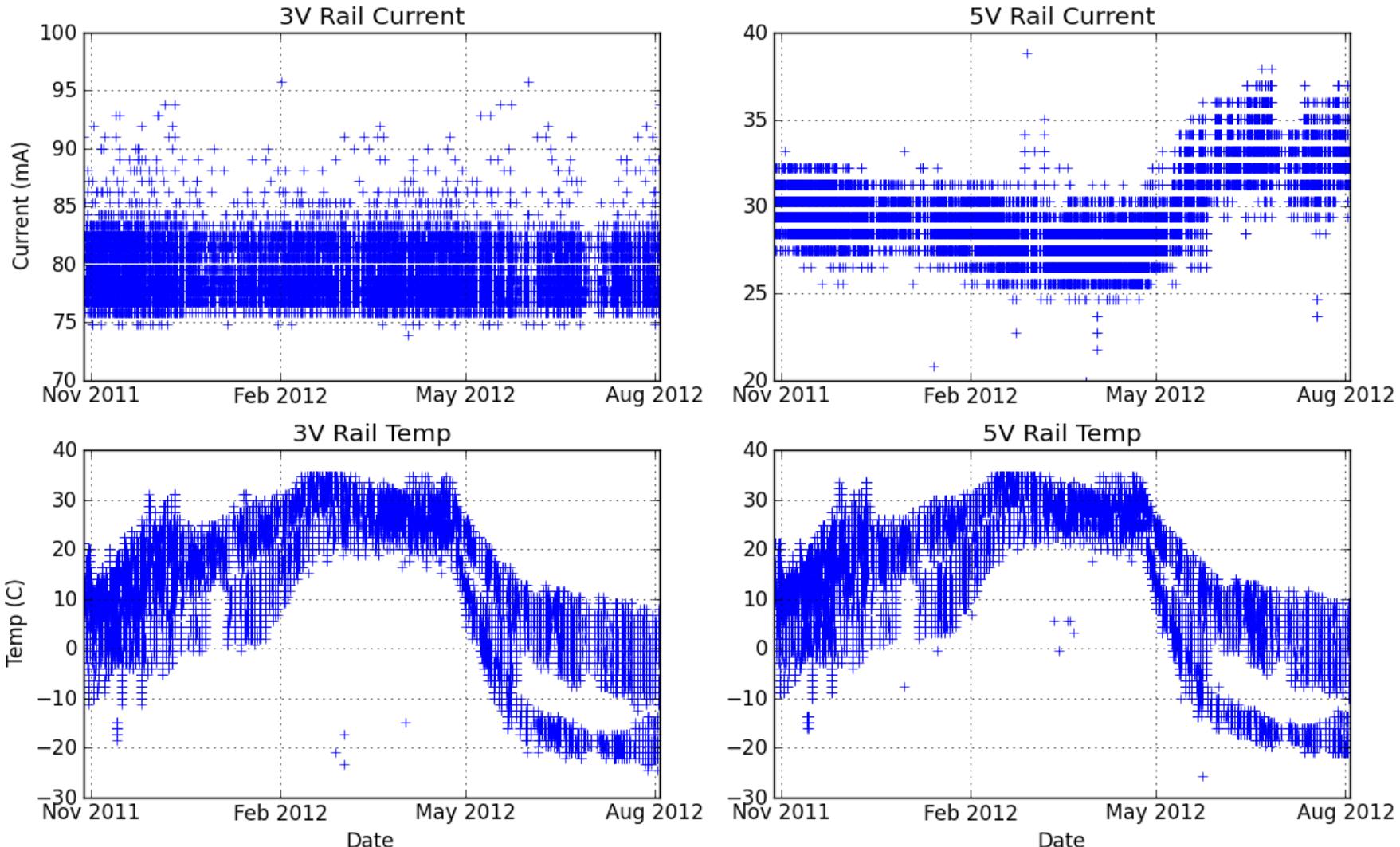
- Full Sun light from Feb. 27 to April 27
- Over-voltage protection circuitry used in full sun
- Voltages and temps at life-time low



# Battery Deterioration



# Increased Current Draw



# Conclusions

- HRBE Works!
  - 100% Mission Criteria Success
  - If batteries fail, still operational in Sun
- 
- 47,000 beacons decoded,  $\frac{1}{2}$  from HAM community
  - 210 hours of science data collected

## Acknowledgements

Montana Space Grant Consortium  
(for funding both satellites)

Montana State University

Space Science and Engineering Lab



Questions?  
<http://ssel.montana.edu>

