#### NATIONAL RECONNAISSANCE OFFICE

Office of Space Launch Atlas V Aft Bulkhead Carrier & Operationally Unique Technologies Satellite

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FREEDOM'S SENTINEL IN SPACE

# Origin of Aft Bulkhead Carrier on Atlas V



- + United Launch Alliance (ULA) modified Atlas V Centaur upper stage –
  3 small spherical helium tanks replaced by 2 large cylindrical tanks
  - Helium used to pressurize LOX and LH cryogenics
  - Made approximately 20"x20"x30" available for AP
- + Office of Space Launch (OSL) developed Aft Bulkhead Carrier (ABC) with ULA to use available volume to launch Auxiliary Payload (AP)

#### + Development requirements:

- No/minimal impact to primary mission
  - Mission Design
  - EMI/EMC

Ground OpsSecurity

- Launch Ops

- Electrical

- Environments/loads
- Mission Integration
- etc
- No redesign to existing Centaur upper stage or rest of vehicle
  - Identical load paths
  - Eliminates redesign, updated production paperwork, retooling, testing, etc. for the aft bulkhead



### Atlas V with Aft Bulkhead Carrier







### **ABC Location and Volume**













## ABC Rideshare on NROL-36



- + Aug 2010 Decision to plan for auxiliary payload NROL-36 (Aug 2012 launch)
  - Excess mission performance
  - Favorable orbital characteristics
    - + Allows third burn of upper stage to place small satellites in useful LEO
    - + Consistent with space debris mitigation requirement orbital life < 25 yrs (~5 yrs on orbit)
- "Operationally Unique Technologies Satellite" (OUTSat) to use Atlas V ABC to deploy cubesats
- + OSL responsibilities:
  - AP manifest and integration effort
  - Program/Mission integration with NROL-36
- + AP constraints for L-36:
  - Dormant/powered off until after deployment
    - + Exception made for real time clocks and a 1 U data logger
  - Separated only after Primary SV is deployed
  - No propellant/propulsion/pressurized systems
  - No ordnance
  - Delayed deployable release
  - Delayed transmitter turn-on



### **OUTSat Auxiliary Payload**



**NPSCuL** 

& P-PODs



OUTSat installed on Centaur aft bulkhead

APIC (Cal Poly/SRI International) responsibilities as single integrator for Auxiliary Payload (LSIC equivalent):

- Manage the delivery and integration of Cubesats
- Integration and test of P-PODs and OUTSat ICW NPS
- Deliverables for OUTSat mate to Atlas V ABC
  - ULA analyses/documentation
  - Safety documentation

Atlas V Centaur Upper Stage Aft End

**OUTSat** 



### OUTSat Integration







### Integrated/Tested OUTSat







### ABC OUTSat CubeSat Manifest



Sponsor	Slot	CubeSat Name	Organization	Size	Mass (kg)
NRO/MSD	1/8	ORS Enabler Sat	SMDC	3U Qty 2	4.05
NRO/MSD	2	AeroCube-4.5	Aerospace Corp	1U Qty 3	1.3 ±0.1
NRO/MSD	3	AENEAS	USC	3U	3.66
NASA/LSP	4	CSSWE	National Science Foundation	Зu	3.46
NASA/LSP	5	CP5	Cal Polytechnic San Luis Obispo	1u	1.1
NASA/LSP	5	CXBN	Morehead State University and Kentucky Space	2u	2.6
NASA/LSP	6	CINEMA	National Science Foundation	3u	2.8
NRO/MSD	7	Re	LLNL	3U	3.9



### **OUTSat Milestone Schedule**





#### OUTSat Development and L-36 Integration < 1.5 yrs



## Nominal Auxiliary Payload Mission







## Pros & Cons



- + Pros
  - Physically and electrically separated from primary payload and its load path
  - Can accommodate any AP configuration that meets interface requirements:
    - + Standard 15 in adapter
    - + 80 kg/175lb max
    - + Volume restraints
    - + Mission specific AP constraints
- + Cons
  - Relatively severe environmental conditions
    - + Vibration and thermal
  - Depending on launch site, AP must be ready to integrate 4-6 months before launch/ILC







- All CubeSats must have/fit within stringent deployment and operational boundaries to prevent case-by-case analyses
  - + Physical and functional characteristics defined by L-12 mos
    - RF signature
    - Deployables
    - Power-on configuration
    - Fault tolerance
      - + Multiple inhibits for premature power-on/transmission
        - + Dual inhibits/single fault tolerance prevents pairing analysis
        - + Triple inhibits/dual fault tolerance eliminates all interference anaylses
  - + Ensure timers for power-on post deployment reset during chatter

Great flexibility, but late changes cause rework > \$\$\$



### Lessons Learned



- + Back-ups:
  - At least a full compliment of back-up cubesats
    - + Maintain all as primary candidates until integration
  - Mass simulator needed for each component/configuration to prevent perturbations to the mission
    - + May need to fund/plan integration with AP or mass simulator
- + Early auxiliary payload integrator involvement
  - Initiate documentation prep and submittal
  - Solidify design and ICD requirements
  - Both for AP satellite integration and coordination of integration with the primary SV and launch vehicle



## Conclusion



- + ABC designed to offer low cost, recurring launch opportunity for smallsats (80 kg/175 lb) on a vehicle with proven track record
- + First use has had it's challenges, however:
  - OUTSat has been integrated, tested, delivered to VAFB and is ready for mate to the Centaur on 30 Apr
  - L-36 mission team and ULA satisfied all "do-no-harm" requirements have been met
- Challenges definitely exist for smallsats to co-exist with high-value national security payloads – but it is doable with the right planning
- + ABC location outside of primary SV volume offers distinct advantages
- OUTSat on track for first use of ABC in Aug 2012 with 8 P-POD's containing 11 cubesats of varying technologies for both the NRO and NASA
- + ABC's future:
  - Take advantage of all NRO missions that meet performance criteria L-36, L-39
  - Work with Air Force and commercial partners to establish ABC as a standard service on applicable Atlas V missions

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