



# Deployable Package for Enhanced Power and Deorbit Capabilities in CubeSat Satellites

Ian Bournelis

Matthew D'Arcy

Anthony Iacono

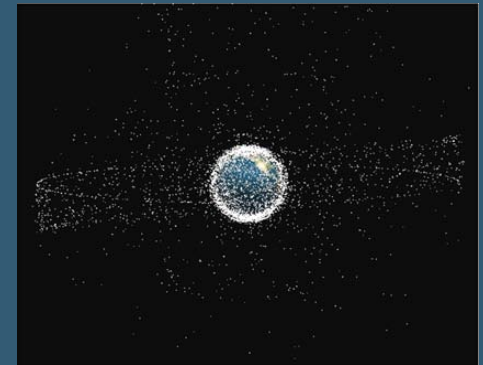
Matthew Mazur

Faculty Advisors: Dr. Ajmal Yousuff, Dr. Jin Kang



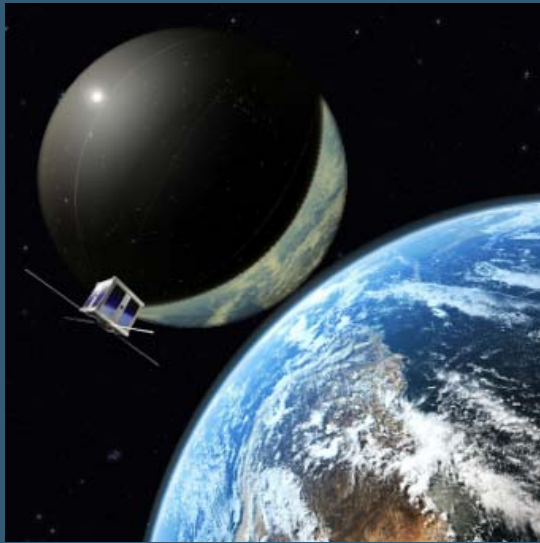
# APPLICABLE CUBESAT STANDARDS

- ISO 27852:2010(E)
  - 25 Year Limit
  - Models with error margins
- NASA NPR 8715.6A
  - Corroborates ISO 27852:2010(E)
  - Responsibilities of key NASA personnel
    - Mission Assurance
    - Protection of launch vehicle, payloads, environment, public
    - At worst case, payload is removed from launch manifest

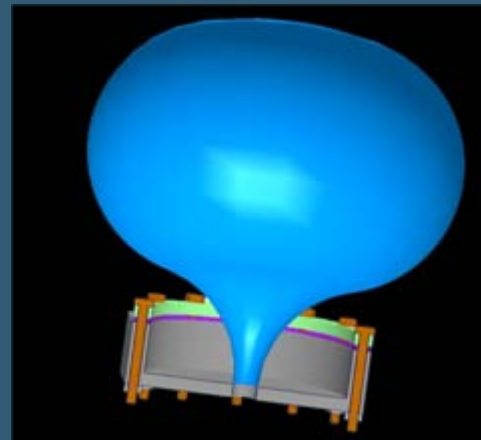


ISO 27852:2010(E): Distribution in Near-Earth Space

# DEORBIT AID CONCEPTS



University of Strathclyde  
Inflatable Balloon



Old Dominion University  
Inflatable Balloon



NASA NanoSail-D  
Solar Sail

- Increasing Incident area for hastened deorbit



# MISSION STATEMENT

Increase power generation and decrease deorbit time on command without adding significant mass, losing internal volume, or implementing active control systems.



# DESIGN PARAMETERS

- No use of internal volume
- Minimize number of moving parts (for reliability)
- Maximize cross sectional area during deorbit phase to increase drag
- Increase power generation
- Use passive actuation on command

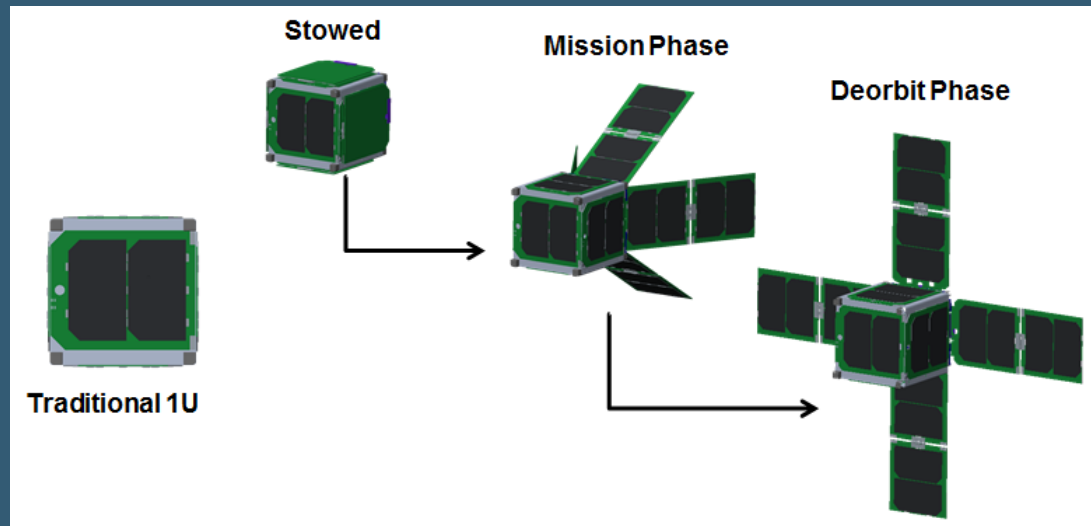


# SUCCESS CRITERIA

Metric	Threshold	Ideal
Increase in power generation	>100%	>200%
Decrease in deorbit time	>20%	>50%
Active control	None	None
Loss of internal volume	<5%	0%
Reliability	>90%	>95%
Cost to manufacture	<\$10000	<\$5000
Number of Moving parts	<10	<5

# SOLUTION

- Capable of 3.5x power generation of a 1U
- Deorbit efficiency increases with launch altitude
- Passive attitude control in pitch and yaw

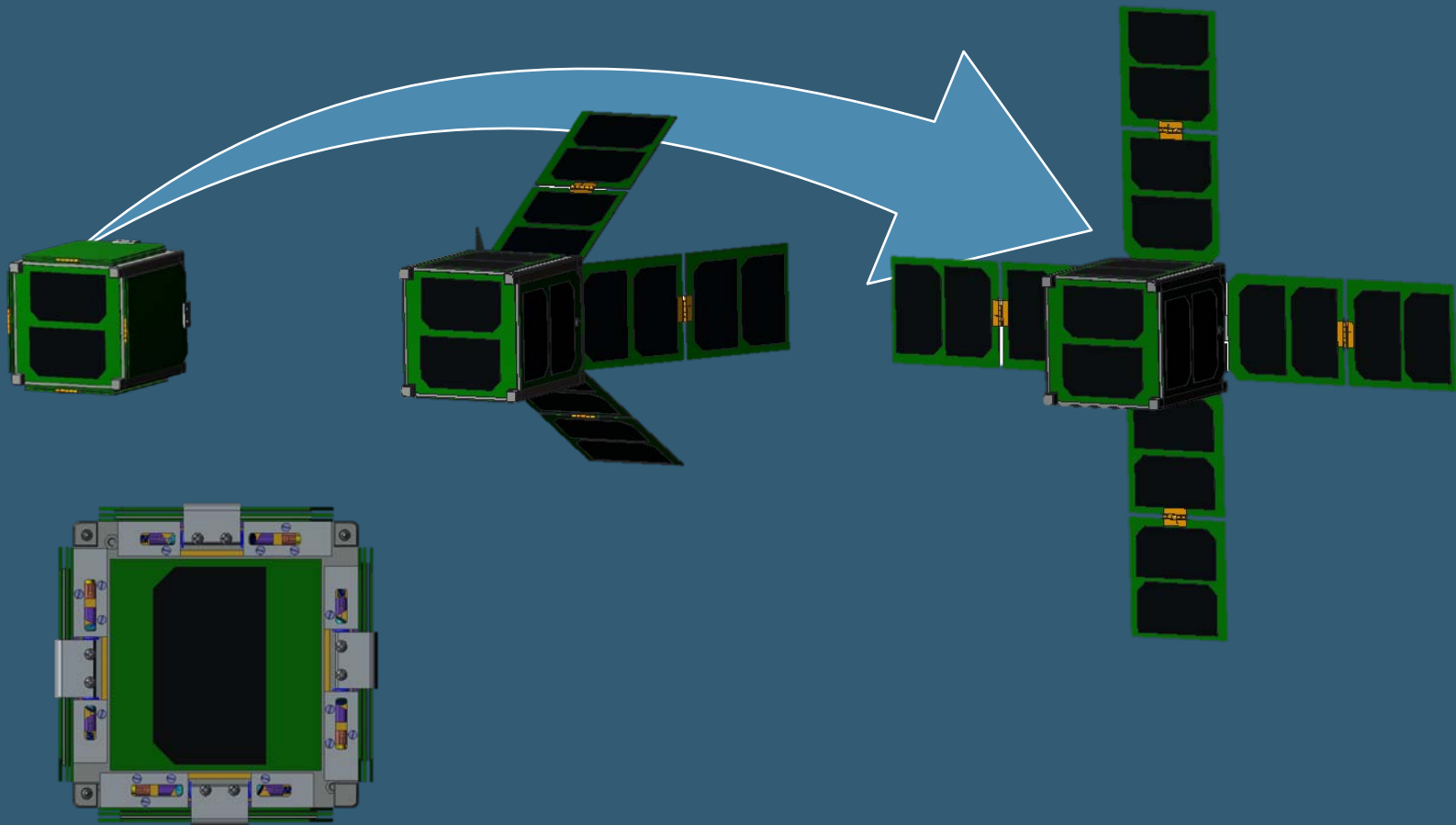




# PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

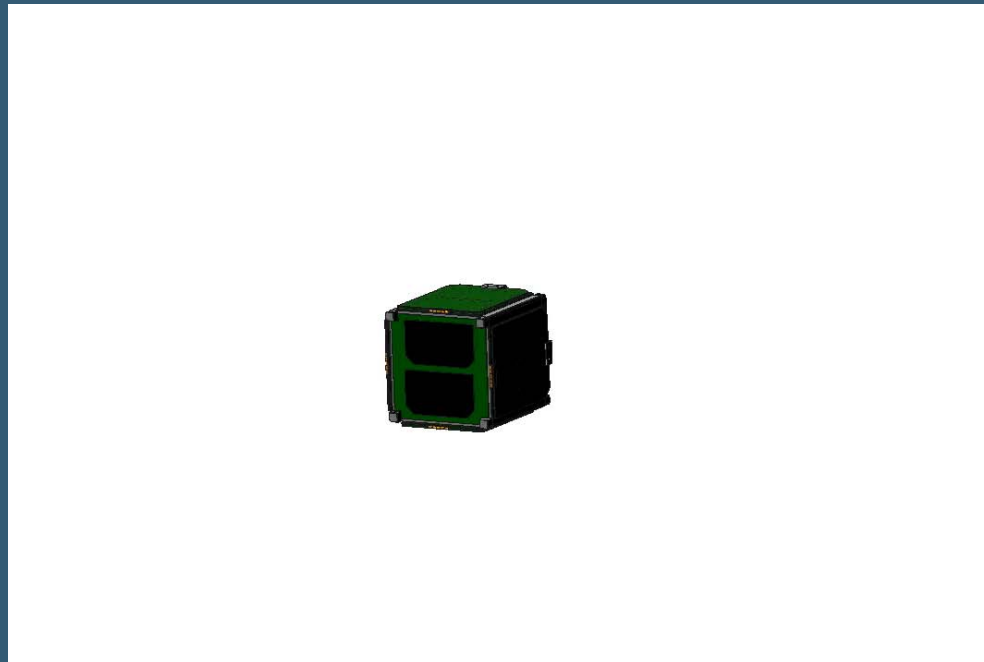


# THREE STAGE SHUTTLECOCK

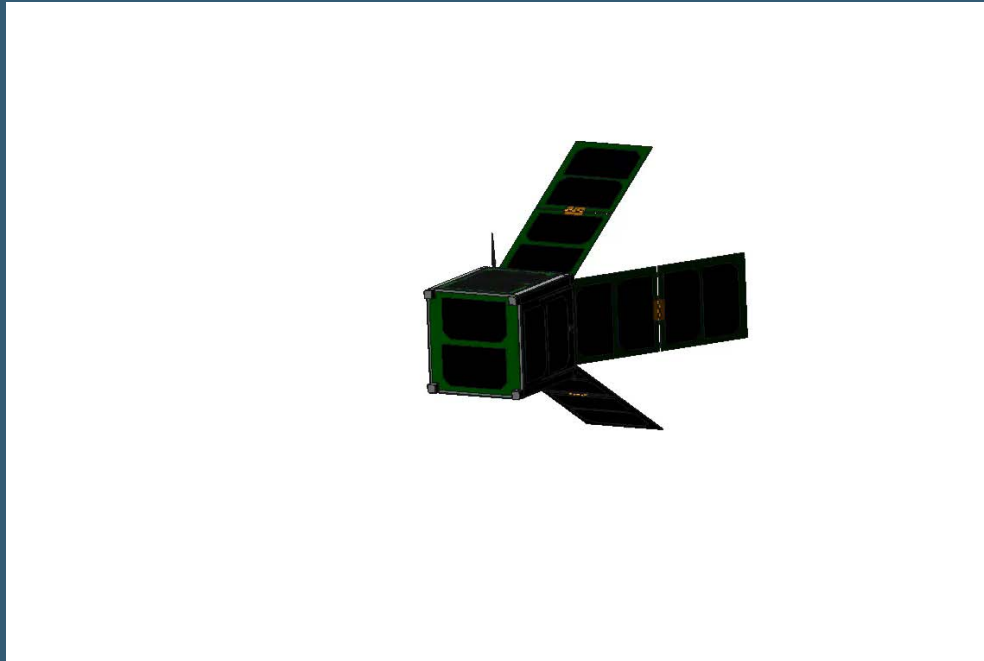




# DEPLOYMENT

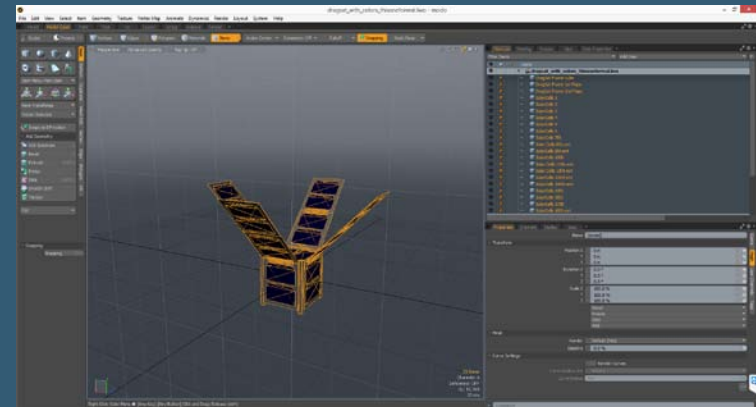


# DEORBIT



# SIMULATION TOOLS

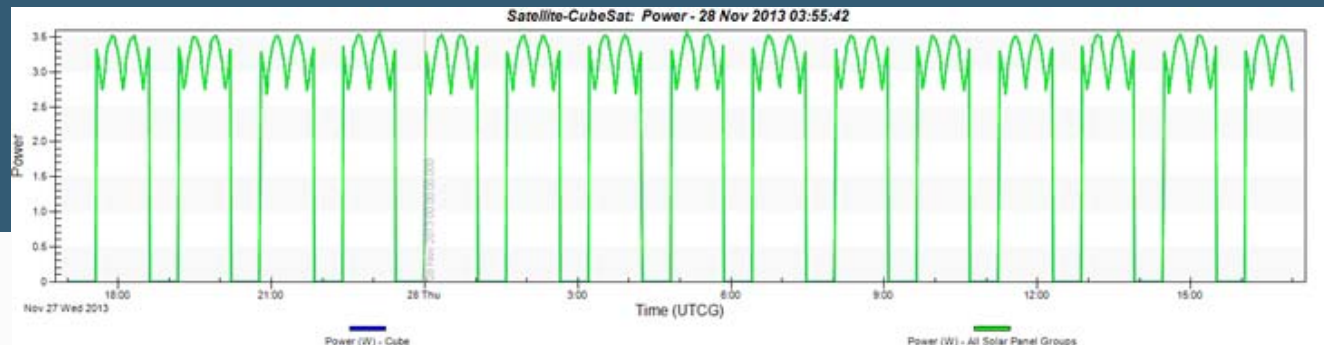
- Creo 2.0
  - Satellite Modeling
- Modo 701
  - Satellite Modeling
  - Preparation for STK Simulation
- STK (Systems Toolkit)
  - Satellite lifetime simulation (SATPro)
  - Satellite power generation
- MATLAB
  - LEO Drag Analysis
  - Data Analysis
  - Concept Verification and Design



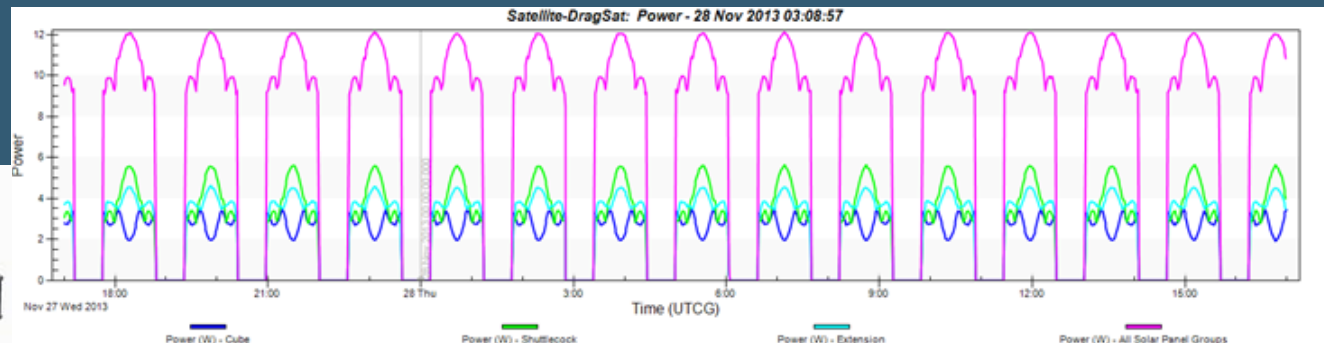
# STK PEAK POWER

Power generation for 24 hours

3.47 W



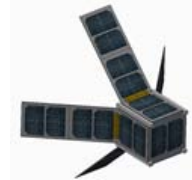
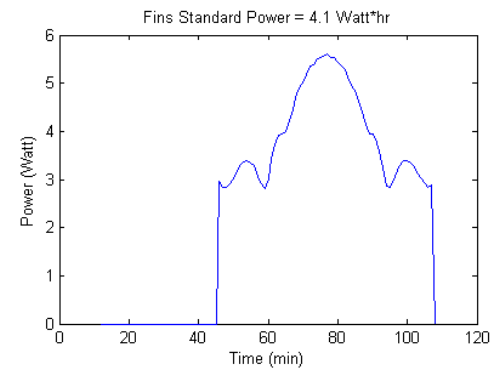
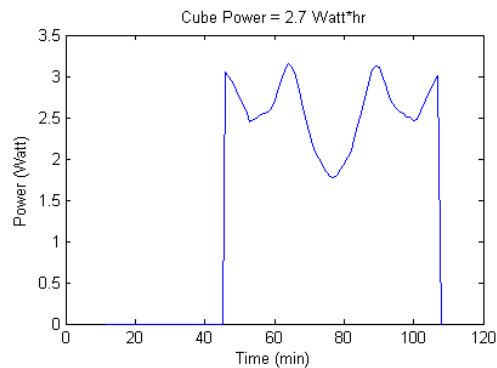
11.96 W



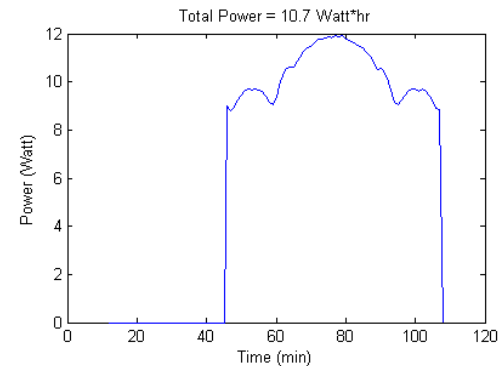
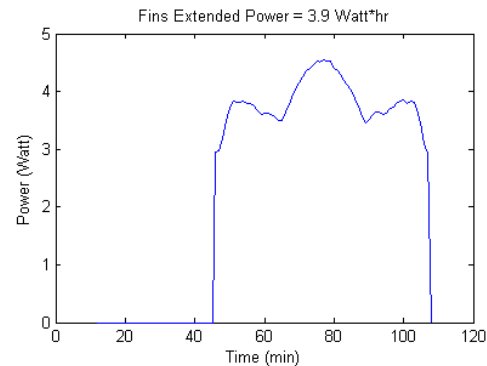
# POWER GENERATION



2.7 Watt\*hr



4.1 Watt\*hr

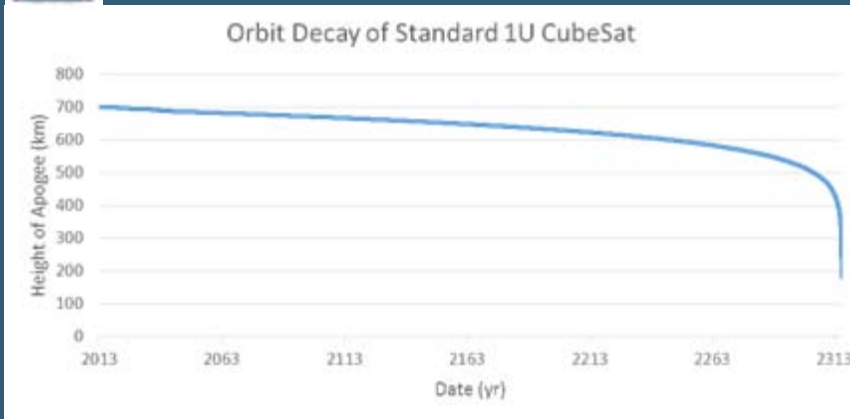


3.9 Watt\*hr

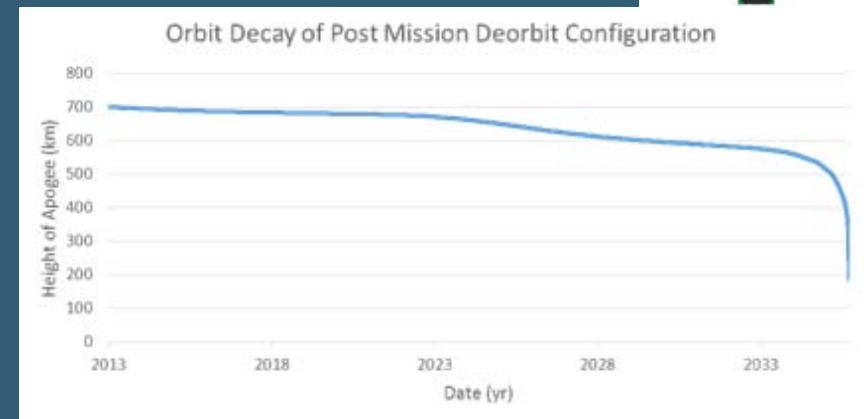
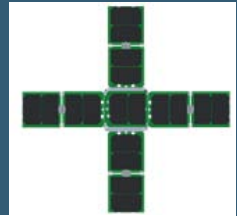


10.7 Watt\*hr

# ORBIT LIFE COMPARISON (STK)



Standard CubeSat 300+ Years



Deorbit Configuration with ~9X incident area: 22 Years

- Maximization of incident surface area
- For a 25 Year deorbit:
  - Ceiling of 540 km 1U standard CubeSat
  - Ceiling of 700 km for 1U shuttlecock formation

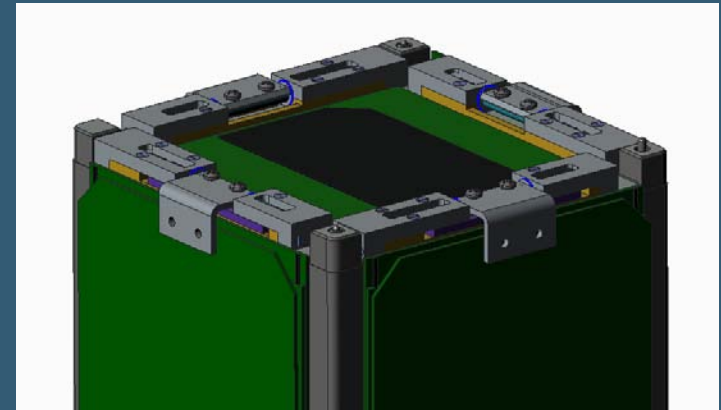
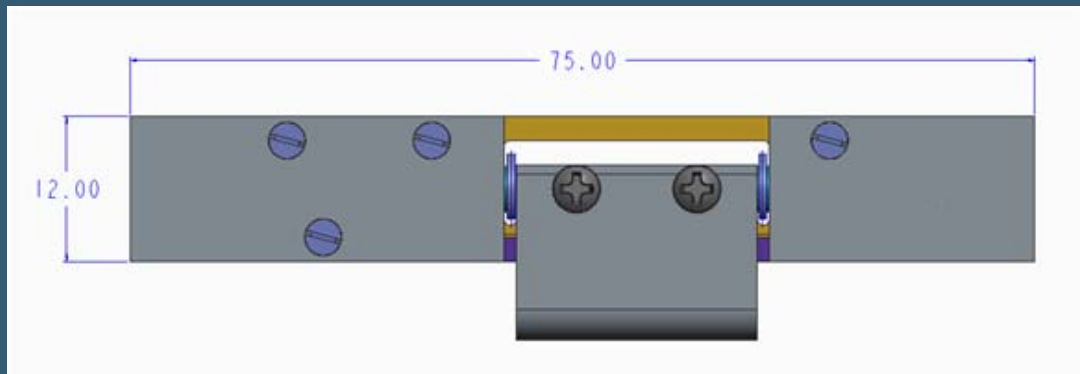


# ACTUATOR DESIGN



# HINGE DESIGN OVERVIEW

- Dimensions: 75 mm (L) x 12mm (D) x 6.5mm (H)
- Mass: ~15 g
- Fastened to CubeSat surface



# HINGE ACTUATION



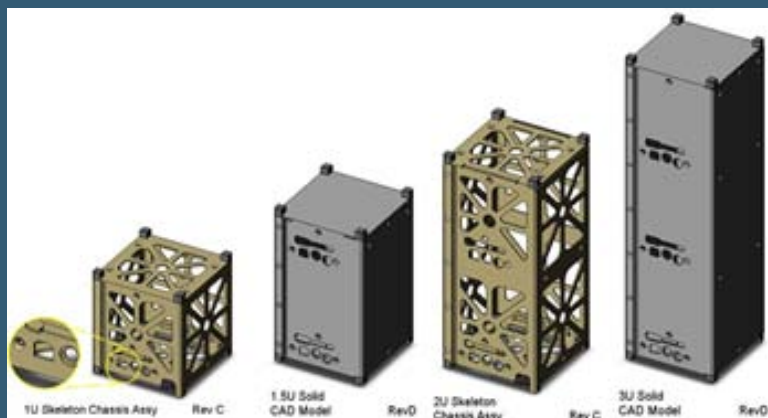


# IMPLEMENTATION – KEY FEATURES

- Three stage hinge with passive actuation
  - Burn wire release
- Actuation to any two angles between 0 and 180 degrees
- Net torque:  $\sim 4$  N-mm
- Compatible with standard CubeSat frame
- Activated electrically with burn circuit
- Low profile and minimum volume interference

# DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS

- Modular – applications for 2U, 3U
- Scalable - larger hinge could be used for larger satellites
- Capable of increasing the CubeSat's altitude while still deorbiting within 25 years

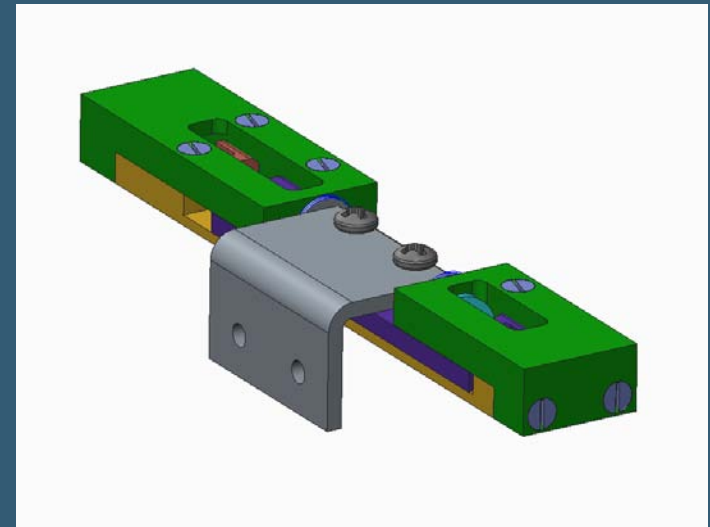


Pumpkin CubeSat Frames



# FUTURE WORK

- Prototype under fabrication
- Environmental testing in May 2014
- Will be implemented on next CubeSat that we develop





# CONCLUSION

Metric	Threshold	Ideal
Increase in power generation	>100%	>200%
Decrease in deorbit time	>20%	>50%
Active control	None	None
Loss of internal volume	<5%	0%
Reliability	>90%	>95%
Cost to manufacture	<\$10000	<\$5000
Number of Moving parts	<10	<5



# REFERENCES

- [1] Maslova, A.I.; Pirozhenko, A.V., " Modeling of the Aerodynamic Moment Acting upon a Satellite," Cosmic Research, vol. 48, no. 4, pp. 362-370, August 2010.
- [2] Moe, K. Moe, M.M., " Gas-surface Interactions in Low-earth Orbit," AIP Conference Proceedings, vol. 1333, pp. 1313-1318, July 10-15 2010.
- [3] Walker, A C; Koller, J; Mehta, P M, " Comparison of Different Implementations of Diffuse Reflection with Incomplete Accommodation for Satellite Drag Coefficient Modeling," Planetary and Space Science.
- [4] King-Hele, D.G., " The upper atmosphere as sensed by satellite orbits," Planetary and Space Science, vol. 40, no. 2-3, pp. 223-233, Feb.-March 1992.
- [5] Moe, K.; Moe, M.M., " Gas-surface interactions and satellite drag coefficients," Planetary and Space Science, vol. 53, no. 8, pp. 793-801, July 2005.
- [6] Crowther, R.; Stark, J, " The determination of the gas-surface interaction from satellite orbit analysis as applied to ANS-1 (1975-70A)," Planetary and Space Science, vol. 39, no. 5, pp. 729-736, May 1991.
- [7] Bowman, B R; Moe, K, " Drag Coefficient Variability at 175-500 Km from the Orbit Decay Analyses of Spheres,"US/Russian Space Surveillance Workshop, vol. 6, August 22-26, 2005.
- [8] Wade, M. (n.d.). Encyclopedia Astronautica KH-11. *KH-11*. Retrieved November 30, 2013, from <http://www.astronautix.com/craft/kh11.htm>
- [9] "Some Useful Information About CubeSats," Clyde-Space.com, [online] 2013, [http://www.clyde-space.com/cubesat/som\\_useful\\_info\\_about\\_cubesats](http://www.clyde-space.com/cubesat/som_useful_info_about_cubesats) (11/25/2013)
- [10] The CubeSat Program - Cal Poly SLO, United States of America. "CubeSat Design Specification Rev. 13," Aug. 19, 2013.
- [11] "Space Systems - Estimation of Orbit Lifetime." Draft International Standard ISO/IADC 27852:2010(E). November 22, 2013. [http://aiaa.kavi.com/apps/group\\_public/download.php/3159/ISO\\_27852\\_\(E\)4.pdf](http://aiaa.kavi.com/apps/group_public/download.php/3159/ISO_27852_(E)4.pdf)
- [12] SpaceWorks Enterprises, Inc. "Nano/Microsatellite Market Assessment." February, 2013. [http://www.sei.aero/eng/papers/uploads/archive/SpaceWorks\\_NanoMicrosat\\_Market\\_Feb2013.pdf](http://www.sei.aero/eng/papers/uploads/archive/SpaceWorks_NanoMicrosat_Market_Feb2013.pdf)
- [13] "NASA Procedural Requirements for Limiting Orbital Debris," NPR 8715.6A, May 14, 2009



# QUESTIONS

Ian Bournelis

- [ib57@drexel.edu](mailto:ib57@drexel.edu)

Matthew D'Arcy

- [mmd79@drexel.edu](mailto:mmd79@drexel.edu)

Anthony Iacono

- [aji26@drexel.edu](mailto:aji26@drexel.edu)

Matthew Mazur

- [mrm322@drexel.edu](mailto:mrm322@drexel.edu)