



The Firehose CubeSat Radio



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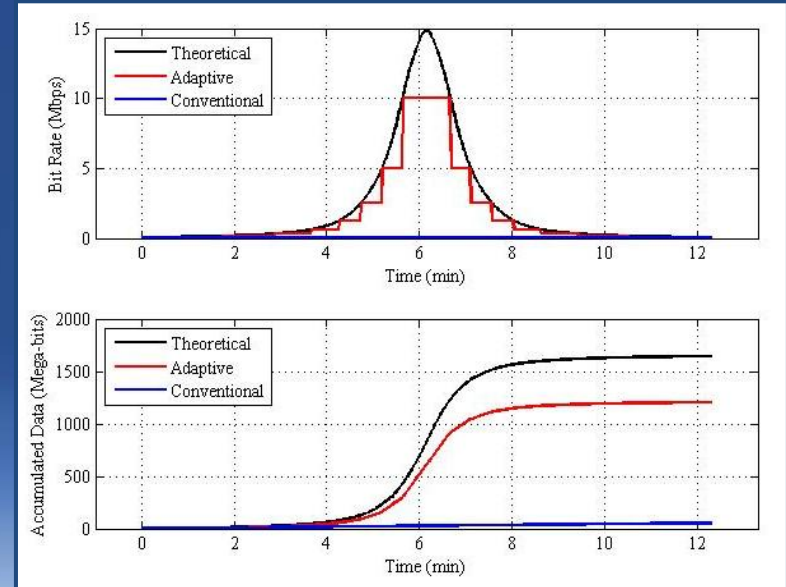
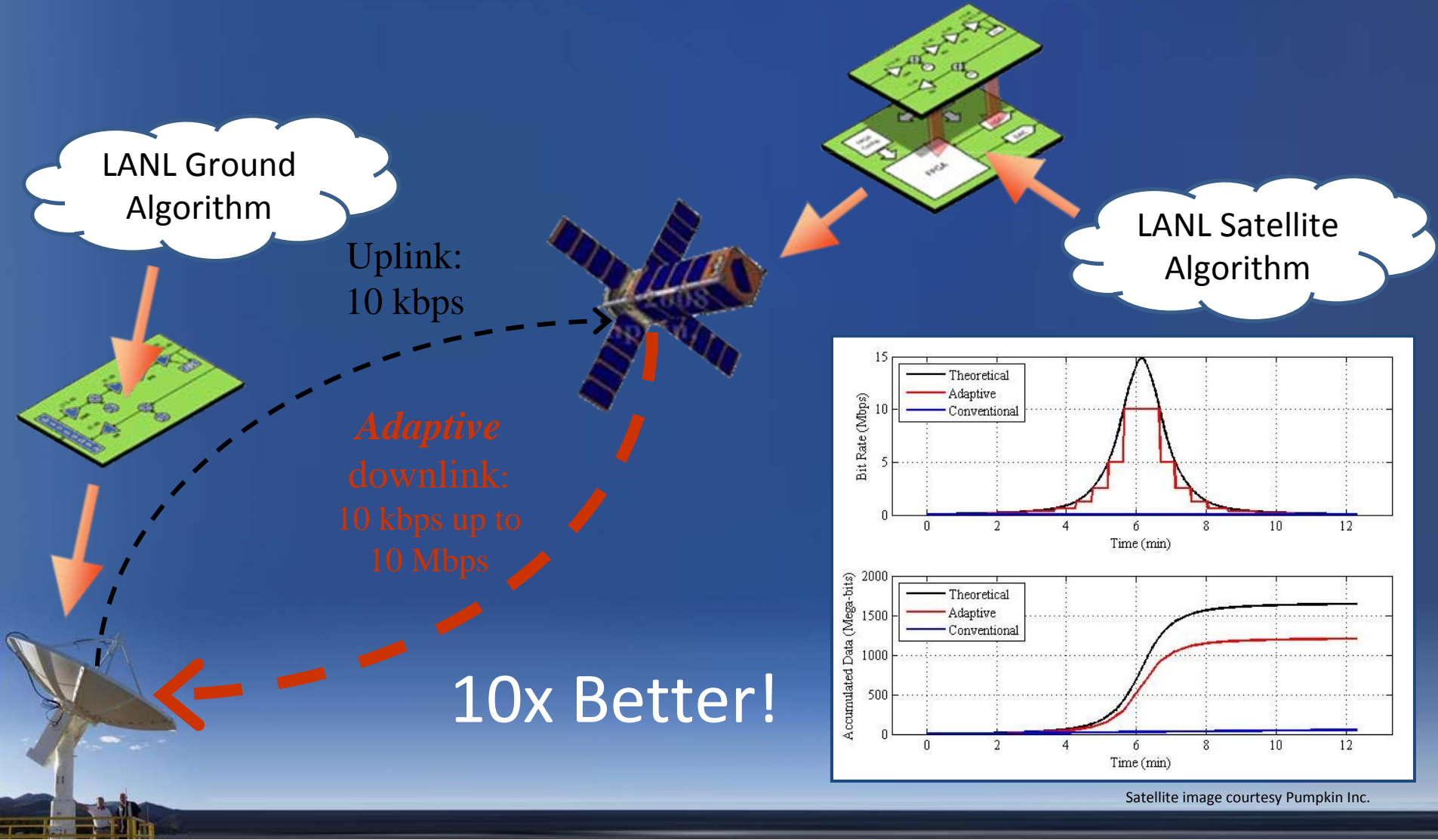
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Adaptive Radio Downlink: 10K-10Mbps Data

Channel Bandwidth Limit

- Range
- Noise Temperature
- Antenna Pattern Mismatch

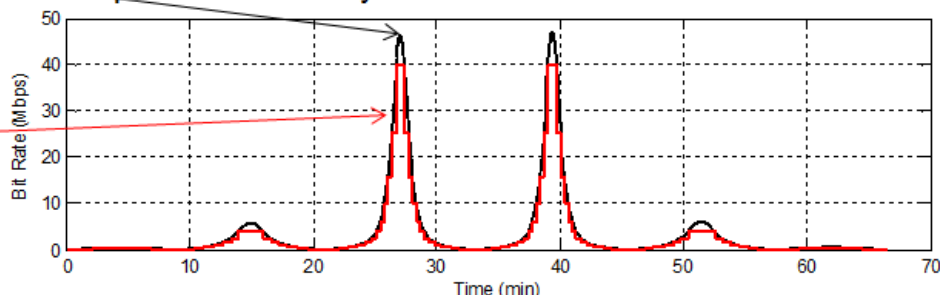
Link Optimization

- Constant RF Power
- Finite number of bit rates
- Peak output limited by
 - Computation
 - Bandwidth allocated

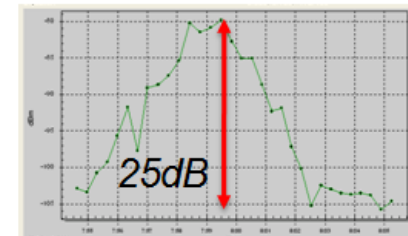
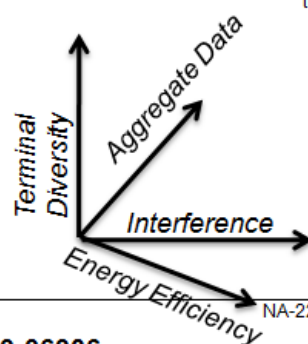
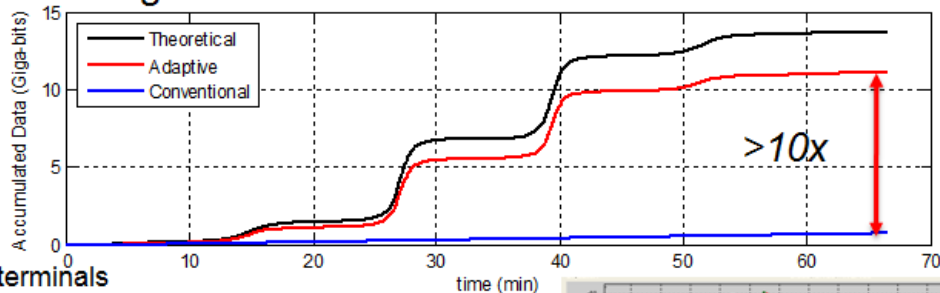
Advantages

- CubeSat compatible
 - ~ 5W peak
 - PC104 card
- 10x more data
- Provides **ROBUST** communications
 - Compensation for pointing errors
 - Commissioning operations
- Real-time compatible with wide range of ground terminals
 - Rate adapts to capabilities of ground station
- Super energy efficient (1 – 2 orders of magnitude)
 - Use of downlink during optimal channel conditions
- Tolerant to interfering signals or jamming
- Adaptive communications are ubiquitous, this approach is unique in its range of adaptability and efficiency

Modeled Instantaneous Data Rate:
6 passes from a day in the life of CFE



Integrated Data Accumulated



CFESat: RSSI > 80° pass



EST. 1943
Operated by Los Alamos National Security, LLC for NNSA



Features

Channel adaptive downlink

Power consumption ~5.5 W peak power

Motherboard requires 3.3V

RF requires 5.0V

2 GBytes of flash buffering

H-ARQ protocol (ARQ From flash only)

RF output power: $\frac{1}{2}$ W

Frequencies

- 2.4GHz ISM downlink
- .9 GHz Amateur radio uplink

50 Ohm SMA antenna interfaces

CSK compatible

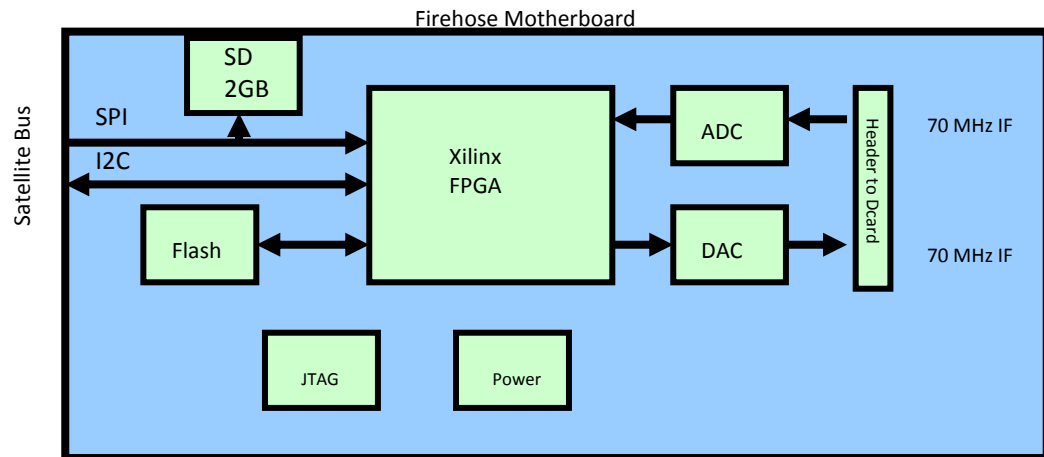
SPI high speed

I2C for configuration, RX, priority down

9 Physical telemetry points, 12 state values

Simple '2 FIFO down 1 FIFO up' binary user protocol

True SDR: support for multiple waveforms, beacons, user designs, etc.



Concept of operations:

1. Payload streams data into the SD flash
2. During contact, SDR masters flash and reads at variable rate
3. SD flash also provides ARQ buffer